THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 47

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—To a good tenant, the House now occupied by Capt. Geo. Mellersh, containing six rooms, pantry, kitchen and servants' room. Also, a House having four rooms and kitchen. Apply to

GEO. P. ZEIGLER,
Cor. Hill and Alabama streets.

FOR RENT—Up-stairs No. 15 Jefferson street. Three rooms suitable for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply at Appeal office. mh1

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—PATENT RIGHT.—The Patent right of a newly invented "Lock Guard" for any State in the Union can be secured by application to the undersigned. It is useful, and will pay active men who engage in its sale. Can be seen at this office, where those interested can inspect it. Address

SAM SHLOSS, Appeal.
oct9 tf

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR RENT.—Truck-patch lands, 2 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 2 acres to 200. My residence, with from 14 to 22 acres of land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Tresevant & Co., my agents, in the city.

N. M. TRESEVANT.
oct7

WANTS.

WANTED—To rent, a Residence convenient to business, somewhere between Exchange and Vance streets, and not more than two or three squares from Main, containing about five or six rooms besides servants' room. Address [oct tf] JOHN AINSLIE.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE.—I have a tract of 53 Acres of Land, twelve miles from Dover, the county seat of Stewart county, Tennessee, which I desire to exchange for city property. S. P. YEOMANS, Attorney,
oct tf 321 Second street, Memphis.

WANTED—By a competent man, a situation as Book-keeper or Salesman in Cotton and Grocery house preferred. The applicant has been engaged in business in Memphis for twelve years. The best of city and country references given. Address T., care J. M. Keating, Appeal office. oct1

STOLEN.

HORSE STOLEN.—On last Tuesday night, about 11 o'clock, from my lot, my riding HORSE. I followed him as far as Holly Springs and LaGrange. The thief offered him for sale in both the livery stables at Holly Springs. I am inclined to think he will make for the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. Said horse is a large bay, 17¼ hands high, very broad across the hips, a little larger on the left hip than the right, left hind foot white, broad flat forehead, walks and trots well, and a No. 1 loper, very short body for a horse of his size; on the left shoulder is a brand M, and J. P. under it, and on the left hip; saddle and harness marks around his girth, a scarsion one of his ankles. I don't recollect which; mane a little worn by collar. I will give Fifty Dollars for the recovery of the horse or any information so that I will get him again, or One Hundred Dollars for the thief and horse.

P. J. BOYDT.
Sardis, Miss., October 1, 1868. oct1m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a meeting of the Incorporators and Stockholders of the Memphis, Holly Springs, Okalona and Selma Railroad, at Okalona, on MONDAY, November 9th, for the purpose of organization. A prompt and full attendance is expected.

oct10 N. B. FORREST, President, pro tem.

Notice.

I HAVE a good EIGHTY SAW PRATT GIN, which I will sell cheap. I refer to Messrs. Galbreath, Stewart & Co.

A. WRIGHT.
oct tf

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well improved Plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, nearer to me.

A. WRIGHT.
sp14

NOTICE.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES ON SHIPMENTS of Cotton to our correspondents in New Orleans, La.

MARTIN WALT & CO.,
Memphis, Sep. 26, 1868 [im] 272 Front st

LAWYERS.

JOHN F. CARUTHERS. WM. J. SYKES.

CARUTHERS & SYKES,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Ayres Building,
East Side Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.
oct6 1m

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
Attorney at Law
—AND—
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
Rooms 5 & 6 Knickerbocker Building,
16 MADISON STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Special attention given to Internal Revenue and Admiralty cases. jan24

ALBERT PIKE, CHARLES W. ADAMS, L. H. PIKE

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,
Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts at Little Rock, Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.

☞ The senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.

Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.

PIKE & JOHNSON,
Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS firm will practice in the United States Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or in the Departments.

The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has long been known in the highest courts of the country; and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. jy5-sep10 1y

S. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. M. GOODBAR. J. R. S. GILLILAND.

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,
Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES
HATS AND CAPS,
No. 291 Main Street, Webster Block,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants.

sept 1m

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY.

THE MISSES QUINLAN,
NO. 340 MAIN STREET, (NORTHEAST corner of Jefferson), up stairs, have received a large and elegant assortment of MILLINERY GOODS, comprising all the

NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON

Bonnets, Hats, Dress Trimmings, of every design, which they will sell at prices to suit the times. Cloaks and Dresses made in the Latest Style.

oct1m

ITEMS OF ALL SORTS.

—A lady in West Nashville, named White, only a year married, gave birth to three children on Tuesday.

—Cranberry picking is now at its height on Cape Cod, and the berries sell at $12 to $13 per barrel.

—During the present month herrings are taken in large numbers along the eastern shore of Massachusetts.

—It is stated that all the sewing-birds, all the call-bells, and all the tape measures made in this country are manufactured in Meridian.

—Mr. Grau has introduced at his theater in New York the English half-price system. Spectators arriving after half-past nine are entitled to the benefits of it.

—There are now two hundred hands at work on the railroad from Sparta to McMinnville, Tenn., and the number is soon to be increased to four hundred.

—We learn from different farmers that the present crop of corn will be the largest that has been gathered for some years past.—*Fredericksburg (Va.) News.*

—Mrs. Hannah Vick, of Tennessee, is 107 years old, and still sufficiently energetic to draw pensions on account of her husband, who was a revolutionary soldier.

—Charles Franklin Robertson, Episcopal Bishop elect of Missouri, is but nine years out of college. He graduated at Yale in 1859, and took charge of his parish only six years ago.

—Dall Oggero, the great Italian poet and dramatist, has written a tragedy expressly for Miss Madge Robertson, in his opinion the most poetical and refined actress on the London stage.

—Flesh-colored gaiters, with the toes stitched with black, to look as if the foot was bare, are reported to be the newest mode. They are said to have a shockingly natural effect.

—One in seven of the population of Holland consists of children between the ages of six and twelve years attending the public schools. There are no less than 422 000 of such young pupils.

—A Vassalboro,' Me., farmer has been raising peanuts the past season. He says the seed was planted in April, and as soon as the blossoms open they are covered with earth. The crop produced nearly a pint to the hill.

—Montreal is rejoicing in the arrival of a statue of the Queen, to be erected in Place d'Arms, and marble busts of the Prince of Wales and the late Bishop of Montreal. The statue was executed by Mr. Marshall Woods, the eminent English sculptor.

—The violent deaths in New York city average one thousand per annum, and the deaths resulting from disease, but investigated by the Coroner, amount to about one thousand more. The fees alone paid to the Coroners of that city amount to $26,500 every year.

—Santa Anna was ordered to leave the island of Cuba in consequence of his Mexican complications, a Juarez spy having unraveled all his plots. He was given thirty days to leave, and is so poor that his friends will have to pay his passage.

—A Havana letter says the captain general will not trust the Spanish men-of-war any more than to have one day's rations at a time to prevent their putting to sea, as they might otherwise do it should they conclude to recognize the new government at home.

—A Madrid dispatch says that a decree ordering elections for the Cortes in the colonies will soon be issued. Slaves will not be permitted to vote. The colonial deputies will be allowed to propose a plan for the abolition of slavery. Free schools in Spain have been reopened.

—Wisconsin farmers find that a hop crop, selling at twenty-five cents a pound pays a better profit to the acre than a wheat crop selling at $1 80 or $1 90 a bushel, and that, too, on a yield of eighteen or twenty bushels of wheat to the acre. Hops would be a good thing to try in Tennessee.

—In the year 1867, in which 471,102 persons died in England and Wales, (half of them minors and about half the others women,) 37,497 probates of wills or grants of letters of administration were issued—14,623 in London and 22 874 in English and Welsh provincial registries. The personal property of these persons amounted to $461,517,850.

—The following is a list of cadets from the Southern States admitted to West Point. A number of others who were appointed did not pass their examination: Tennessee, W. H. W. James; North Carolina, S. W. Jones, W. Lassiter, H. R. Lemby and J. E. Tyler; South Carolina, G. D. Wallace; Alabama, W. H. Miller and O. B. Warwick; Florida, C. B. Varnum; Arkansas, H. Wygant.

—A new planet has been discovered in the constellation of the whale, by Prof. Watson, of Michigan University. He says it resembles a star of the tenth magnitude, and was situated in right ascension fifteen degrees and twenty minutes, and in declination zero degrees and thirty-two minutes north. Its daily motion is forty-five seconds of time retrograde in right ascension, and three minutes of arc south in declination.

—At Berlin, Prussia, it is stated that a great demand for American gold coupons can be noticed twice a year, a month or six weeks previous to May or November. Numerous advertisements are found daily in all the papers, and show that something is made by the exchange operation, the dollar in coupons being valued at about one thaler eleven and a quarter groschen, while the coined dollar is quoted at one thaler twelve and a half.

—"Ixion; or, The Man at the Wheel," is the title of a new piece just produced at the Metropolitan Theater, New York, by the English troupe. Miss Lydia Thompson in the title role is a success, and *The Home Journal* declares that the managers have, in this play, "a mine of wealth more golden and more profuse than are the rare, flowing locks of the beautiful English blondes who personate the leading characters in Mr. Burnand's burlesque."

—The *Southern Christian Advocate* gives the horrible details of the murder of a white woman *enciente*, by a negro burglar. The brutal tragedy occurred at Orange Springs, Fla. The poor woman, after she was shot by the black fiend, was beaten with the gun until her features could no longer be recognized. Her body was then rent with a spade, her limbs being forced apart. It was a double murder and a double crime; the violation of the woman, her murder and that of her living but unborn child.

—A Lima, Peru, letter of September 28th, says shocks of earthquake are still felt in Arequipa and Arica, but the cities are so thoroughly ruined that no further damages can be inflicted. A reappearance of the yellow fever was apprehended at Lima and Callao, and strict sanitary measures have already been introduced. A Valparaiso letter of the 16th states that great fear prevailed that a disastrous earthquake, like that of last August, is about to visit Chili, as the same circumstances which preceded that terrible calamity in Ecuador had been observed for several days. The people of Valparaiso had in consequence voted according to custom for a patron saint, and had elected the Savior.

—The latest railroad scheme is thus described: "The scheme is the application of the postage system to passengers. It is the contrivance of one Raphael Brandon, who proposes that a human being, like a letter, shall be dispatched to any point for a threepenny, sixpenny or shilling stamp, as a third, second or first-class train shall be preferred. The invention produces statistics to show that this marvelous cheapness, in view of the immense increase of travel, may be realized. What is added to the expense of transportation by the weight of a passenger compared with that of a letter, is saved in the cost of delivery, the passenger delivering himself."

EXCERPTA—TO NETTIE.

There is a golden hour in every life
We long remember, as we look afar
O'er this dull, weary world of care and strife—
It shines upon us like a radiant star.
Through gloomy years, and when this life shall close,
The "light of other days" is round us yet,
To cheer us as we pass to long repose,
And summon joy we never can forget.

I dare not say to thee how much I prize
The music of thy dear, familiar tone—
The lustrous glory of thy dark some eyes,
That light my pathway as I walk alone.
But I may tell of one delightful hour
Now shining in the dim and distant Past,
When first I felt thy sweet and magic power,
And thy bewitching spell around me cast!

Spanish Provisional Government.

DON JOAQUIN AGUIRRE, PRESIDENT OF THE PROVISIONAL JUNTA.

Aguirre is an excellent citizen, a liberal conservative, in the true meaning of the word. A jurisconsult of large capacity, he has been and can be a perfect minister of justice; and in Parliament, with his eloquence and prestige, a tower of strength for the reorganization of the country. The universities have prospered and have been enriched many times under his direction and with the products of his literary and scientific labors. His character is of an enchanting affability, and he is tolerant, being a perfect Liberal. He is thoroughly acquainted with the science of administration, and the oar has been often the scene where he has displayed eloquence and wisdom. With Prim he went into exile, ever since the artillerymen revolted in Madrid, now about twenty-six months ago. Certainly it was then Gen. Serrano who made more valorous efforts to quell that fright's insurrection, of which his present colleagues were then accomplices.

MARSHAL SERRANO, DUKE DE LA TORRE, HONORARY PRESIDENT OF THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT.

Serrano was a brave cavalry soldier in the seven years' war, at the conclusion of which he was already a brigadier; but before the commencement of the struggle, having somewhat contributed to the imprisonment and death of Torrijos, leader of a band of Liberal troops, who had appeared in the neighborhood of Malaga three years previous to the death of Ferdinand VII, when Serrano commenced to figure in the progressive party of 1813, being then a general, the more ardent of his partisans remembered that episode of his life, and were inspired with a feeling of imaginary wrong. This easily explains the proscriptions decreed by the provincial juntas against the supremacy of Serrano in the Provisional Government. Nevertheless, at the above period of 1843, he was held in much esteem in Barcelona, when that city pronounced against Espartero, so that the Catalans even dubbed him universal minister, and under this title he entered Madrid, formed a government with Olozaga, and was then appointed Secretary of War.

The Queen was at that time thirteen years old, and under that Government she was proclaimed of age. The character of Serrano is one of the most insinuating that can be imagined, and his personal appearance in 1843, at the age of thirty-two years, was one of the most prepossessing of the Court. Since then many have been the positions he has filled in the service of the Queen, until he became Captain General of the army, Noble of Castile, Grandee of Spain, Knight of the Noble Order of the Golden Fleece, Governor General of the Island of Cuba and Senator of the Kingdom.

NICHOLAS RIVERA, VICE PRESIDENT.

Rivera is a lawyer of the College of Seville, very talented and of rare learning. He possesses aristocratic instincts, but was the founder of *La Discussion*, whose Democratic doctrines, admirably expressed, whilst he had charge of that periodical, were the nutritive sap for his political associates in Spain. He is very courageous in debate, and has many points of affinity with Mirabeau. In many adventures of his life he has given a good account of himself, and it was five or six years ago that he received a dangerous wound at the hands of a General, one of those who have now contributed to make him Vice President of the Government.

DON LAUREANO FIGUEROLA, SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

This distinguished jurisconsult will make an excellent Secretary of the Treasury, as he is, besides, a consummate political economist of the Liberal school. He possesses abundant talent and scientific knowledge; and if, in practical application, he does not effect prodigies in the Spanish Treasury, by the principles he holds, it will be because that their theory only is good. His presence in the Government is the representation of the progressive constitutional party; not that of traditional obstacles, which have been declared incompatible with the throne of the Queen. Figuerola is in policy neither more nor less than Madoz, and for this reason, he kept quietly open his law office in Madrid, whilst the other progressists were exiled from the country.

DON TRAXEDES MATEO SAGASTA.

Sagasta is a civil engineer by profession, but for many years politics have absorbed all his genius at the bar, in the press, and in conspiracies. The Liberal Union closed and sealed the doors of his office and the printing office of his periodical, *La Iberia*, and, being opened by the party which has just fallen with the throne in consequence of the revolution, it was not a slight act of generosity in Sagasta that he made a great effort to re-establish in the country those who had imposed silence on his periodical, and to dispossess those who had broken his bond.

While he was in exile, he, with Aguirre, were the good counsellors of Prim.

His appointment to the Government is just, judged by his antecedents.

A Total Eclipse of Our Sun in 1869.

Prof. S. N. White writes to a New York paper of a total eclipse of the sun which is to occur in August, 1869. His notes of the track of the totally, calculated fifteen years ago, are as follows: The sun will rise eclipsed in the interior of Siberia, on the morning of August 7, 1869, when the shadow will move in a northeasterly direction; then, turning eastwardly and southwardly, will pass over Behring's Straits and Northern Alaska about noon, local time. Thence, moving across part of British North America, it will re-enter the United States in Montana, between two and three p.m., local time. Moving thence across Western Nebraska, it will pass diagonally through Iowa, passing over Sioux City, Des Moines and Keokuk about five o'clock. Thence it will move to the southeast, over Jacksonville, Illinois, across Southern Indiana, Central Kentucky, Eastern Tennessee, into and across North Carolina, and will touch the sea coast in Pamlico Sound; and it will finally leave the earth not far from the Bermudas. It will be visible in all parts of the United States, and total over a belt of 100 miles wide along the line just indicated, the sun being hid more than four minutes.

—We have conversed with many of the leading farmers of this county and gather from them that this county has made a more abundant crop this year than any one since the war. There is abundance of corn at $2 50 per barrel, and the cotton crop will be a large one, better yield than for many years past. The crop of hogs is not large, but there will be acorns enough to fatten every one in the country. Cotton is now moving in rapidly and finds a ready market in our town at remunerative prices, say 18 to 21c. We are glad to see again such evidences of reviving prosperity. Our merchants and grocers are opening large stocks, and everything wears a more cheerful aspect.—*Trenton (Tenn.) Gazette.*

LIBERAL CONTRIBUTION.

Forty Thousand Dollars for the Seymour and Blair Campaign.

From the New-York World, 14th.]

The following correspondence is important, as it practically illustrates the views of thinking and enterprising merchants, and those who have not altogether lost their love of country or Constitution as handed down by our forefathers, or who have a respect for maintaining its honor and character:

594 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, October 14.

To George Washington Langley, Esq., firm of Langley, Sanford & Blackwell, & Co., 279 Broadway, New York:

Dear Sir: When Horatio Seymour was, by acclamation, nominated for President of the United States by the Democratic party, it was conceded by all parties that he was a good statesman and sound defender of our Constitution, but since his nomination I have noticed many slanderous remarks in regard to his conduct during the war. Happily Hon. A. G. Curtin, ex-Governor of Pennsylvania, has expressed himself in a most friendly manner, remarking that the least said against Seymour's conduct during the rebellion the best for the Republican party, as he would acquit him of such abuse.

Now as to F. P. Blair, I have observed in several Republican papers statements that he had no claims whatever upon the Democratic party, and to this I would say why not? Was it because he fought in the army and for the restoration of the Union? He was nominated at Tammany Hall with shouts of applause, just after proclaiming that we must have a President untrammelled by an unconstitutional, oppressive, and arbitrary Congress. Since the close of the rebellion I have carefully noticed the expressions of Southern journals, politicians and merchants, and find that all desirous of living in harmony, and expect that the election of Seymour and Blair will be the means of encouragement and the extension of the right hand of fellowship, thereby evidencing a complete vindication of the object of the war and of the Constitution, and restoring the rights of an impoverished and oppressed portion of our country.

Before concluding, I will address myself to the young and enterprising merchants and laboring classes. In the various city papers of recent date I have noticed a correspondence between Judge E. Pierrepont and A. T. Stewart, the substance of which was that they both desired the election of U. S. Grant for President, Judge Pierrepont tendering a check for $20,000 for furthering his election. Now, to the sensible reader and to the young merchant, is not this in itself perfectly explanatory of their interests, and is it not opposed to their development. Do they expect to be be benefitted? Is it not for purely mercenary motives? The contest presents a well defined issue between the bondholders and the enterprising and laboring classes, and resolves itself into an oppression. Greenbacks for one and gold for the other. In this correspondence I would not wish to assert anything against the payment of the debt, but the interest is exorbitant—it cannot be paid, excepting in the same currency as purchased, and when this is once done capital seeks other investments of a more lucrative character, thereby producing a revenue, and gradually approaching a gold basis. In conclusion, permit me to tender my check for $40,000, to be used in such manner as you may think most advisable for the furtherance of my views.

True to our friends and kind to the weak, is the Democratic doctrine advocated by

Truly yours,
H. T. HELMBOLD.

REPLY.

H. T. Helmbold, Esq., 501 Broadway:

Your letter of 14th inst. received, containing check for $40,000. This amount I shall use in the most appropriate manner. I perused the contents of your letter with the utmost gratification. The question is presented to the people whether they will aid in electing an administration bent on trampling the Constitution into the dust, and elevating upon its ruins a power controlled by bondholding aristocracy, whose motto is gold for the rich and rags for the poor, with prostration in every branch of industry and the business of the whole country, or from whose intelligent administration we can have one Union, one country, one destiny.

Sincerely yours,
GEO. WASHINGTON LANGLEY.

THE SIAMESE TWISS.

Can their Separation be Safely Undertaken?

BY DR. PAUL F. EVE.

From the Louisville Medical Journal.]

Our newspaper editors are again speculating and writing romantic articles on the above question, incited by the assertion that Messrs. Chang and Eng are about visiting Paris to find a surgeon bold enough to undertake their separation. The whole movement is but another evidence of the lamentable ignorance of the public in medical matters, and of the prurient delight which the world always takes in wrapping everything connected with the human system in the grossest mystery. There never has been a question among medical men, either in this country or in Europe, in regard to the feasibility of the separation of these two individuals; that they are two beings, having distinct segregrated and perfect organizations, one from the other, as any other two individuals; that there is no physical, moral or mental unity between them, the only connection being a short cartilaginous and integrimental band common to the two, the severance of which would, in all probability, be entirely harmless; that no "sensations, nervous impressions, physical, morbid, mental or nervo-mental condition" ever exhibited a "physical unity in their dual corporal existence;" that they have no unity of conceptions, impulses, thoughts, etc.; that it never was the professional opinion that the death of one of the brothers would instantly be followed by that of the other, or that their separation was surrounded by fearful difficulties; and that the link how binding them together is not a means of perfect physical union by which sensations or impressions are conveyed from one to the other. There is, in fact, nothing more common between these Siamese than what would have been acquired by any other twins indissolubly united by a hempen or metalic cord and subjected, as they have ever been, to precisely similar circumstances from their birth. Indeed, the band uniting them is almost insensible—so much so that, on ship-board, they were pulled about by a rope tied to it. No pulsating vessel has ever been detected in it, though undoubtedly it is just here and nowhere else, in the center of this cord, made up of gristle and skin and for about an inch on either side, that there are vessels and nerves communicating from one to the other. Here, but nowhere else, a touch on the space indicated is felt by both. Precisely here, and here alone in the band uniting them, there is sensation and nothing else whatever common to both. If they are inclined to sleep, eat, etc., and perform the functions of life with great similarity and agree always in their tastes and habits, we must recollect that their surroundings, position, etc., have all been precisely alike. People forget, too, that one of them is irritable, the other very mild; one of them is the larger, stronger, and the more intelligent, and he controls the other. His slightest movement is followed by the weaker one from necessity, and not, as is generally supposed, from unity of will or harmonious action. They play games, one against the other, and have quarreled just like other good brethren, and more than once. While at sea, one wanted to take a cold bath, to which the other objected, and the captain had to interfere to produce a reconciliation. How absurd, then, to talk of perfect consentaneous thought, action, etc., between them?

The decision given by the profession in Europe and America, thirty-eight years ago, when this case was first put on exhibition, was that the ligament of union was cartilaginous, probably a prolongation of the ensiform cartilage from the sternum, and the chief, if not the only objection to its division has been that the peritoneum might be involved in the operation. It was moreover not one demanded by surgery, for the twins had lived and might yet live for years; the question of separation, therefore, was with themselves or their guardians, and not the profession. There were no disagreements, no differences among the doctors on this subject. The case was involved in no mystery and the diagnosis was easily made; the London *Lancet*, of 1830, even declared that it was more rare than curious. By the ecraseur or knife any student, who has attended a course of lectures, may perform this operation with success, and which, moreover, should be attempted even by any one in case of death, taking care to divide the parts nearer the one deceased. It would appear, then, that there are no good reasons why these naturalized Asiatics should have been permitted to violate the seventh commandment, by common consent, without even a rebuke.

As there exists no academy of physicians and surgeons in Paris, the Siamese may be on a wild goose chase, which their family physician might have prevented, as well as the wild and fanciful speculations regarding them which are now crowding our daily papers. The scientific world, too, especially those engaged in the study of medicine and surgery, as the press is kind enough to observe, may not, therefore, be "intensely interested," after all, and the public may be free again to direct their attention to something more important and better understood than the contemplated separation of Chang and Eng.

AGRICULTURAL.

Ashes for Wheat.

A correspondent of the *Rural Gentleman*, in Delaware, writes strongly in favor of ashes to prevent rust in wheat, and from experience has found them of great value. As to the effets of ashes, he says they have, like Shakspeare's 'sherry-sack,' a "three-fold operation:"

1. The ashes operate as a measure upon the wheat, even in the limited quantity of eight bushels per acre.

2. They push the wheat forward several days, and in time to escape the hot, sultry days, which often prevail about the time of the "heading out" of the wheat; and

3. They strengthen the stem, giving it substance and solidity.

I may add one or two more properties of the ashes; they afford just that kind of pabulum or food, which is best for the development and perfection of the grain, and will, in my opinion, also prevent the ravages of the fly in the wheat. I would here venture the remark, that whoever once tries this experiment will thereafter spread his wood ashes upon his wheat as above indicated; and, in so doing he will effectually guard against and prevent "the rust" in his wheat.

Butter for the Million.

In view of the extortionate rates at which butter is held in this market, anything which will crush the speculators in this commodity deserves encouragement. For this reason we append the following, cut from the Richmond (Va.) *News:*

Mr. R. H. Baptist, is now exhibiting at the auction house of Mr. W. K. Smith an invention which must become popular with all lovers of butter, especially when that article commands from 50 to 60 cents a pound. By this invention Mr. B., last night, manufactured from a pint of milk and two eggs, with the addition of a cheap and simple chemical preparation, one pound and nine ounces of butter of good quality! We know that the statement seems improbable; we know that the people will turn up their eyes incredulously and say "it can't be done; it can't be good," etc., but the proof of the pudding is in the eating. The operation is performed every morning at nine o'clock, and every evening before sales commence at Mr. Smith's auction rooms, in the presence of crowds, and doubters are invited to go and see the butter made, and see it weighed, and then to taste it before they pronounce the thing impossible. The butter can be made in any churn, crock or jar.

Clover as a Manure.

In an article published in the report of the agricultural department, a Mr. Wollinger says the cheapest, most easily attainable and best of all manures for a corn crop is a dense mass of red clover, either in its green or ripened and dried state, plowed down three or four inches only, just deep enough to prevent wastage, and yet near enough to the surface of the ground to be acted on by the sun's heat and the air. In its decay, clover thus affords certain, active and constant nourishment to the young and expanding roots of the corn. Both corn and wheat grown over a clover lay are very generally free from disease and insects, and better in yield and quality than crops grown on or with animal manures. But to secure this we must manure the clover while yet young with liberal supplies of plaster, lime, or fine, well-rooted manure, spread broadcast over the growing plants.

The Crops.

There seems, so far as we can learn, a general satisfaction among the farmers at the result of their labors for the present year. The yield in all things, except perhaps cotton, appears to come fully up to their expectations. Some will not make as much cotton as they expected or desired to, but the uncommonly fine season that they have had for gathering will so add to the quality that the deficiency in yield may be compensated in the price. We suppose there will be an abundance of corn, and, finding from the appearances in the country and the exhibits made in some of our mercantile houses, there will surely be a good potato crop—altogether we think we have reason to be grateful, and are in no great danger of starvation.—*Marshall Republican, 9th.*

Fattening Cattle.

Fattening animals of all kinds, lay on flesh very rapidly as the weather grows cooler. Keep beeves and sheep in pasture as long as the feed is good, but yard them at night, and feed twice a day with grain, if they are to be marketed soon; otherwise simply feed so as to be sure they are constantly gaining. Pigs should have cooked food and plenty of it. Push forward their fattening as rapidly as possible, for at no season will they gain faster. Keep them clean, and give them warm sheltered nests. Poultry also gains very rapidly, and it is best to fatten them on scalded meal, with corn, wheat screenings, and other food in addition, at daylight in the morning and late in the afternoon.

Corn Meal for Milch Cows.

The statement is often made through the agricultural press that corn meal is the best feed for cows as a milk producer. Why this should be repeated when the experience of every farmer is to the contrary, we cannot tell, unless it is for the reason that corn meal is the best grain feed for cows not giving milk. There is no grain so good for keeping up animal heat and producing flesh and fat, and it is used in winter by most dairymen for that purpose; but as a milk producer it is the poorest grain that can be given. Oat meal and wheat bran are far superior. These statements are based upon actual experiment and the experience of many farmers.

COTTON—COMMISSION

E. DASHIELL, Memphis, Tenn. H. E. HILLIARD, Somerville, Tenn.

DASHIELL & HILLIARD,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 296 Front Street, : Memphis, Tenn

☞ Bagging and Rope furnished to parties who will ship us their Cotton. aug8 3m

M. C. PEARCE, Late of Pearce, Park & Co. E. J. LAMBERT, Indian Bay, Ark. L. B. SUGGS, late of Pearce, Park & Co.

PEARCE, LAMBERT & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
And Commission Merchants,
226 FRONT ST., UP-STAIRS, MEMPHIS, Tenn. Strict attention given to the sale of Cotton and other Produce. Consignments insured under our open policy, unless otherwise ordered. Liberal advances made on consignments. au18 6m

F. LANE. J. H. MARTIN

F. LANE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
Corner Union and Front Streets,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE

☞ Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments. au9

M. L. MEACHAM. A. C. TREADWELL

MEACHAM & TREADWELL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers, Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 9 UNION STREET,
Stonewall Block, - - - Memphis, Tenn

REFERRING to the above card, it will be seen that we have completed our mammoth Storehouse, No. 9 Union street, "Stonewall Block," and are now opening up the largest and most varied stock of

Groceries and Plantation Supplies

Ever brought to this market. We will be pleased at all times to see and serve our old customers, and as many new as may favor us with a call. Returning thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to us for the last fifteen years, we hope by promptness in all things and strict attention to business to merit a continuation of the same.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices.

Our Mr. TREADWELL will give his entire attention to the sale of Cotton.

Our Mr. MEACHAM, one of the oldest Grocery Merchants in the city, will give his undivided attention to the Wholesale Grocery Department.

Call and see us; we will make it to your interest to trade with us. sep9 3m

S. M. ANDERSON. M. HAWES. P. H. DAVIS.

S. M. ANDERSON & CO.,
COTTON BUYERS,
301 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments to GEO. BLACKBURN & CO., Boston, Mass., or A. C. SCHAEFER & CO., New York. oct1-1m

WM. H. ANDREWS,
Grocer
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
280 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.
sep26 3m

F. M. WHITE. JOHN KERR. GEO. [illegible]

WHITE, KERR & ROOTES,
COTTON FACTORS
AND GENERAL
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
And Agents for the Sale of Guano,
No. 304 Main street, (Gayoso Block,) Memphis.

☞ Consignments of Cotton, Provisions, Produce, etc., solicited, and all orders promptly filled. sep1 6m

SAMUEL MOSBY. CHARLES DORION, JR.

MOSBY & DORION,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
Office—No. 15 Mosby & Hunt's Building, Up-Stairs,
No. 304 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton for sale or shipment solicited. Orders accompanying consignments carefully and promptly executed. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished at lowest market rates. Cotton in store and by river insured, unless otherwise ordered. sep1 6m

P. S. JONES. J. D. JONES

JONES BROTHERS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Cotton,
Tobacco and Produce Factors,
No. 8 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Consignments by river are covered by our open policy of insurance. oct 1m

SPRAGUE, SOULE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
BOSTON, MASS.,
REPRESENTED IN MEMPHIS BY
THOMAS TROUT & SONS,
208 Front Street.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments of Cotton to the above house; and, if desired, will be held as shipper may direct. sep17 3m

M. J. ROSSELL. W. C. C. FOSTER

ROSSI & FOSTER,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 320 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ We will make liberal advances on all Cotton consigned to us for sale in this market. And when parties wish us to ship their Cotton to New York or New Orleans, we will advance, say two-thirds to three-fourths its value. This will enable merchants and planters to hold over such depression as we had last season, and realize the full worth of their Cotton.

All Cotton shipped to us and in store will be insured unless otherwise instructed. sep15 3m

LUMBER, ETC.

PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.

CUBBINS, CUNN & COOVER
161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,
MEMPHIS. : TENNESSEE.

BUILDING AND FRAMING LUMBER OF all kinds. Sash, Doors, Blinds, Newel Post and Caps, Balusters and Railing, Lattice, Palings, Lath, Shingles, and a choice lot of Seasoned Oak, Walnut, Cypress, Yellow Pine and Poplar, Flooring, Ceiling and Weather Boarding, for

Sale Cheaper than ever Offered Before.

☞ Planing, Turning, Scroll Sawing, Tenoning and Mortising, done to order. sep10 3m

CARDS.

A CARD.

A REPORT having obtained credence that I have withdrawn from the LIFE INSURANCE business, I take this method of notifying the Public that I am still connected with

The New York Life Insurance Company

Feeling thankful for the liberal patronage which has been heretofore bestowed on me by by my friends in Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas, I respectfully ask a continuance of the same.

I have also associated with me in business, Mr. T. C. CASKIN, formerly of South Carolina, a gentleman I cordially recommend to my friends and patrons. S. D. McCLURE.
sep6

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,
Irving Block, 254 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.,
HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE OR IN BOND,
800 BARRELS
YANNISSEE, WESTMORELAND,
AND OTHER BRANDS WHISKY.
sept1 au14 6m daw

CIRCULAR NOTICE

We take this method of informing our friends and the public that we have resumed business since September 1st, last, at our old stand, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams, opposite the Worsham House, where we shall, as heretofore, continue to keep constantly a large stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, NOTIONS, etc., all of which we offer at a very slight advance on New York cost.

New Goods received daily from the Eastern markets, and our Stock will be found as large as ever.

Soliciting an early call from our former patrons and from the public generally, we remain, Yours, very truly,

M. KRAUS & CO.,
oc7 No. 218 Main st., cor. Adams, opposite Worsham House.

THE OLDEST DRY GOODS HOUSE IN MEMPHIS

We take this method to inform

OUR PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC,

That we are now receiving and exposing for sale one of the largest Stocks of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
—IN THE—
Southern States,

Which we offer on as REASONABLE TERMS as any House in this or any other city.

OUR WHOLESALE STOCK

Is worthy the attention of ALL DEALERS throughout the Country, as each line comprises a full assortment, and will be sold as low as any house will sell them, South of Mason's and Dixon's Line.

OUR RETAIL STOCK

Is under the immediate supervision of one of the partners of the concern. Our facilities in the Eastern Market enable us to at all times have on hand the latest styles of all kinds of Goods in our line, including a large line of Silks, Dress Goods, Cloaks, Mantillas, Buttons, Dress Trimmings, etc., etc. We make no pretensions. All we ask is for you to TRY US, and judge for yourselves.

A. SEESSEL & SON,
sep6 6m 259 MAIN ST., OPP. COURT SQUARE.

HARTFORD INSURANCE AGENCY,
No. 15 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

FIRE AND INLAND POLICIES PROMPTLY ISSUED & UPON EQUITABLE TERMS

DWELLING HOUSES INSURED AT VERY CHEAP RATES

Capital Represented

TO THE PUBLIC.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL.

One copy, one year	$ 12 00
Five copies, one year	50 00
Eleven copies, one year	100 00
Twenty-Five copies, one year	200 00

WEEKLY APPEAL.

One copy, one year	$ 4 00
Five copies, one year	17 50
Ten copies, one year	32 50
Twenty-Five copies, one year	75 00

Any one getting up a Club of Five or more for the WEEKLY *at the above rates will receive a copy gratis. Subscriptions always in advance.*

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Monthly advertisements, $8 for first and $4 for each additional square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL *will be charged one-sixth additional.*
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY *will be charged half of* DAILY *rates.*
Local Notices 25 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line each subsequent insertion.
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.
AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 20, 1868.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President.....HORATIO SEYMOUR.
For Vice-President.....FRANK P. BLAIR.

TENNESSEE.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

For Congress.....JOHN W. LEFTWICH.
For Elector.....W. W. VAUGHAN.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.

EMERSON ETHERIDGE, of Weakley.
EDMUND COOPER, of Bedford.

FOR THE DISTRICTS.

First District—
Second District—J. M. CLEMENTSON, of Knox.
Third District—F. A. JAMES of Hamilton.
Fourth District—A. A. STEELE, of Marshall.
Fifth District—F. C. CAHILL, of Davidson.
Sixth District—ELIJAH WALKER, of Wayne.
Seventh District—H. J. TURNEY, of Lauderdale.
Eighth District—W. W. VAUGHN, of Haywood.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE OF TENNESSEE.

GEORGE J. STUBBLEFIELD, Chairman.

First District—*J. F. HOLLINGER, of Greene.*
Second District—*J. WILLIAMS, of Knoxville.*
Third District—*E. A. JAMES of Chattanooga*
Fourth District—*J. H. THOMPSON, of Shelbyville.*
Fifth District—*W. M. BROWN, J. K. JONES, J. F. BEACH, A. ROBERTS and JAMES T. DUNLAP, of Nashville.*
Sixth District—*D. R. THOMAS, of Johnsonville.*
Seventh District—*H. F. CUMMINS of Paris.*
Eighth District—*M. D. L. STEWART, of Memphis.*

DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEES FOR WEST TENNESSEE.

FOR EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

P. T. SCRUGGS, Obion County.
Dr. DANIEL F. WARREN, Fayette County.
W. W. McCURLEY, Hardeman County.
J. W. PACE, McNairy County.
J. J. BROOKS, Madison County.
JAMES P. WOOD, Haywood County.
D. C. SLAUGHTER, Tipton County.

FOR SHELBY COUNTY.

WILLIAM R. HUNT, JESSE W. PAGE, Jr., ROBERT GOOD, A. NESBIT, A. WOODWARD, N. B. BRUCE, PAUL CICELLA.

DEMOCRATS, REGISTER.

All who are entitled to naturalization and registration certificates are requested to call at the Central Club Hall, Stillman Block, corner of Second and Madison streets, Memphis, on and after Monday, the 19th inst., where they will receive assistance and instruction in regard to the same. The Courts of the city are open to naturalization, and due notice of the reopening of Capt. SEAR'S office, for registration, will be given by him. Delays are dangerous, and all who desire the preservation of liberty and republican institutions in our country, will at once avail themselves of the facilities now afforded them. By order of the Committee.

A. WOODWARD, Chairman.

October 15, 1868.

THE SHELBY COUNTY AGRICULTURAL FAIR.

In another part of this issue we publish the programme for this the opening day of the Fair. From it we learn that all the arrangements have been perfected looking to the utmost order and decorum, and the enjoyment of visitors.

As we expected, the hotels are full of visitors, who, we can assure them, are billeted for a week of pleasure and amusement, such as Memphis has not afforded since the war. Our theater and the circus are open, and present attractions that must greatly assist to prolong the stay of these strangers.

Our merchants and business men should look up their friends from the country, and help, by the dispensation of a generous hospitality, to make their sojourn pleasant. Every one of us should become advertising mediums for Memphis, and by the impressions we make, leave no doubt upon the minds of all now here from abroad, that this is a favored place and destined to be *the* city of the Mississippi Valley. *Vive la Foire*

THE CITY TO HELP THE SELMA RAILROAD.

It is matter for congratulation that the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, at the meeting last evening, passed the ordinance appropriating $300,000 to assist in the construction of the Memphis and Selma Railroad, subject to the approval of the legal voters of the city. The Mayor should at once issue the proper notice to the public, and name the Presidential election day as the time when the public endorsement shall be given or withheld. There is not an hour to be lost. The men engaged in this enterprise are pushing and energetic, and have determined upon the earliest possible completion of it. We are glad to notice the Board's appreciation of this fact, in the appointment of the Committee of Citizens to attend the meeting of the Company called for the 9th of November, at Okolona, Miss. We congratulate Gen. FORREST and his coadjutors in this important work.

THREATENED NEGRO UPRISING IN LOUISIANA.

We learn by telegraph that great excitement exists in Franklin, St. Mary's parish, La. Fears are entertained of a general uprising of the negro population, who have become very impudent and threatening in their attitude toward the white people. The women and children are being removed, business is suspended and the white population are under arms and awaiting the proposed onslaught. "Let's have peace."

ON SUNDAY we published the letter of PIERPONT presenting $20,000 to carry the election for GRANT and COLFAX. This morning we publish the letter of Mr. HELMBOLD, presenting $40,000 for the purpose of assisting the Democratic party in the work of electing SEYMOUR and BLAIR. This indicates the sort of effort the Democracy will make between this and November, as compared with that of the common enemy. We will double on them.

THE SELMA ROAD---A SUGGESTION.

The APPEAL, true to its course as a commercial as well as political and news paper, has kept the public apprised of every movement calculated in any way to advance the interests of the Selma Railroad, and has freely opened its columns to any suggestion to that end. Among several from a correspondent, who is also a friend of the enterprise, we will endorse the mooted Presidency, and the consolidation of the Road throughout its entire length, from Memphis to Selma, under one Board of Directors; as is the case with the Charleston Railroad passing through the same States. A better administration of the affairs of the Road can thus be secured, and especially greater efficiency in its construction.

A Railroad such as this will be, passing through a section of country where he is so well known, not only as a soldier, but as a practical, shrewd and active business man, could be built and controlled by Gen. FORREST as President, in a shorter space of time and in a more thorough manner, if assisted by a consolidated Board of Directors, than if surrendered into the hands of a novice in Railroad construction, and separate Boards for Tennessee, Mississippi and Alabama. The sagacity and quickness of movement which have distinguished the General in every department of life that he has been called upon to fill might, in a work of so great magnitude, be more fittingly employed than at anything else. He knows how to command men, is possessed of untiring energy, indomitable pluck, has had practical experience in building as well as tearing up railroads, and no man in Memphis knows better the labor capacity of a given number of hands, while few could procure more service on an economic yet al generous scale. If, under the style of the "*Memphis, Holly Springs and Selma Railroad*," there should be a consolidation, such as we suggest, we are firm in the conviction that, as President of the joint corporation, Gen. FORREST would give satisfaction and accomplish the results desired more readily, perhaps, than any other gentleman connected with the enterprise.

OPEN THE HATCHIE RIVER.

We are in receipt of many complaints from planters and others residing along the Hatchie river, on account of the obstructions to its navigation by the Memphis and Ohio Railroad bridge at Brownsville. Before the war this Company had a drawbridge across that stream, which, while it accommodated the wants of the road, admitted the passage of steamboats of considerable capacity, even beyond Bolivar. These boats were a great accommodation to the planters of the country, who, removed some distance from railroad stations, availed themselves of their frequent trips to ship to Memphis their produce, and, returning, their supplies. Besides which a heavy trade was carried on by means of flatboats that carried to this and markets beyond, thousands of staves and other results of the labor of the people of the district; who, at the time enjoyed most thriving prospects. This trade and thrift is no longer possible, on account of the bridge complained of, it being so low as to prevent the passage of even flats in high water.

Thrown across the Hatchie by the Ohio Company, immediately at the close of the war, this bridge was understood to be only a temporary structure, a dernier resort under straitened circumstances, to be replaced at as early a day as practicable, by such a bridge as that which, before the war, gave such general satisfaction. We submit to our friends of the thriving Memphis and Ohio Railroad that the present would be a proper and appropriate time for them to make the desired change. It will save a great deal of feeling for them to do so voluntarily, and before the intervention of the Legislature is invoked by the energetic population now making complaint of what they term a nuisance to be abated. A prompt compliance with the wants of the people in this regard will be beneficial, in the highest degree, to us of Memphis, as well as to the people of Hardeman, Haywood, Lauderdale and Tipton counties.

THE "WORLD" STILL CONTUMACIOUS.

The New York *World*, as will be seen by reference to our telegraph report, continues to urge its peculiar and dangerous views for the adoption of the candidates and of the Democratic party. In face of the protest of the National Central Committee, of the decidedly unfavorable expressions of opinion of the press and of ANDREW JOHNSON, SALMON P. CHASE, Gens. HANCOCK and FRANKLIN and Mr. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, jr., all of whom have been mentioned as probable successors of our gallant standard-bearers; in face of the earnest protest of the leaders of the party and of the use already sought to be made of this unfortunate suggestion by the Radicals, the *World*, infatuated with evil and possessed of the devil of perversity, still continues to urge a change of commanders at the very hour when most we need unity, courage, discipline, and that *esprit* without which it were useless for a great political party to engage another possessed of the energy and means of the Radicals. We cannot account for the strange conduct of the *World* upon any other grounds than those above, since we are loth to believe that base purposes could control it.

THE DRY DOCKS.

We understand that the subscription books of the Dry Dock Company are open at the office of the Hernando Insurance Company, on Madison street, and that $23,000 have been subscribed, leaving only $15,000 to be taken. In order to secure so important an enterprise to our city, we think our home insurance companies should divide this $15,000 between them. If this sum is not subscribed by Thursday next, an offer to take the docks to St. Louis will be accepted and the chance of securing a great prize for Memphis be postponed indefinitely. We urge, then, upon the consideration of our insurance companies and capitalists the importance of purchasing these docks. There location here will encourage other industries and go farther to secure accessions of population than any enterprise just now afoot.

THE RETURN of Maj.-Gen. THOMAS to the command of the Department of the Cumberland will not in the least affect the status of Maj.-Gen. GORDON GRANGER, who will continue in immediate command of Memphis and the adjacent country. In view of the many threats made by Radical leaders to excite riot about election time this will be good news to the readers of the APPEAL. Gen. GRANGER is an officer of great discretion and may be relied upon to perform his duty.

THE DEMOCRACY NOT DISCOURAGED.

It is our pleasure to chronicle the fact that the Northern Democracy, buoyed up by their gains at the recent election, are urging on the work of the canvass as if fresh in the field and complete victory had crowned their late glorious effort. The shock administered by the proposition to change commanders was but momentary in its effects. Rank and file and leaders are in full fellowship and sympathy, and all are marching forward determined only upon the election of SEYMOUR and BLAIR. In view of the prestige of the past, and a knowledge of the great work committed to it, it is impossible that depression should be allowed to sit brooding over the Democratic party.

The political organization that polled 837,000 out of 1,700,000 votes cast in Indiana, Pennsylvania and Ohio, is not a party in so hopeless a minority as to be without hope. It is true we have an organized Radicalism possessed of the National and nearly all the State Governments, controlling twelve hundred National Banks and a host of bondholders, pledged to its support, yet, when we remember the indomitable pluck of our Northern brethren, and realize from the above figures how near we came to victory, fresh courage must spring up within us, new hope must dawn, and so revived in heart we must renew our efforts in the contest. Our leaders are sanguine; our leading organs are sanguine. Let us then, move up close to where the leaders stand, and seeing as they see, take courage. The nearer we approach the enemy the less formidable he will appear.

MORE OF "THOSE ARMS."

We learn from Capt. STREEPER, of the steamer "Agnes," now at our wharf and just from St. Louis, that there remains at that city *forty tons* of muskets and ammunition, consigned, as those lately destroyed were, to BARBOUR LEWIS, *en route* for Governor (?) CLAYTON, of Arkansas. The parties in charge of this freight desired to ship it on the "Agnes" to the mouth of White river, but, be it remembered to the credit of Capt. STREEPER, he refused the job, and when he left St. Louis, the agents could not make an arrangement, at any price, whereby these Radical guns could be forwarded to their destination. If by chance a steamboatman, base enough, should be found to carry this freight as far as this city, we hope SMITH'S or NUNN'S Ku-Kluxers will not only "dump" it, but those in charge of it, into the river.

THE PLOT to assassinate President JOHNSON has been thoroughly investigated and found to be but a piece of extravagant bragadocio on the part of the accused, HIMEBUR, magnified and perhaps embellished by the fears and imagination of EVANS, the witness. By some timid friends of the President, however, it is regarded in a more serious light. They believe that a conspiracy really did exist about the time of the impeachment, but that it failed to ripen in time, and that now all danger is passed, nothing is to be gained by serious investigation. The President treats the matter lightly and maintains his usual indifference to scares and sensations.

COL. JOHN S. KERR, whose arrival home, from a brief canvass of this Congressional District, we noticed a few days since, reports that he was everywhere warmly received by the people. He spoke in nearly every town in the District, and in every instance was heard by large numbers of negroes, anxious to be enlightened upon the difference existing between the Democratic and Republican parties. Col. KERR, who is a gentleman of much sagacity in political matters, expresses himself sanguine of the result for the Democracy and LEFTWICH in November.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, October 19.—The trial of Julius F. Hartwell, for embezzlement of a million of dollars, government funds, when Cashier of the Sub-Treasury, with Charles Mellon, Charles H. Ward and Edward Carter as accessories, has commenced in the United States Circuit Court.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, October 19.—River falling with three and a half feet water in the canal. Weather cloudy and disagreeable.

CAIRO, October 19.—Up—Hale, 8 p.m.; Legal Tender, 12 m.

Down—Cairo, 9 p.m.; Minnie, 8 a.m.; Silver Moon, 9 a.m.; Shreve, 4 p.m.

River fell five inches.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, October 19.—The Nashville Jockey Club races commenced today. First race, *Republican Banner* purse, $200, three entries, mile heats, best two out of three, was won by Larkin, in two heats; time: 1:52½, 1:54½. Second race, Association purse, $150, one and a half mile dash, seven entries, was won by Maggie Hunter; time: 2:50½. Track heavy.

Col. J. A. Smith, City Auditor, late of the Fifth Indiana cavalry, did to-day of consumption.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, October 19.—The War Department has information that the arms recently captured on the Mississippi were purchased on private account by the Governor of Arkansas and United States Senator McDonald. They expected that Legislature would purchase them. The Governor telegraphs "he is satisfied armed resistance is contemplated." This dispatch occasions much comment among prominent officials, inasmuch as he expressly states said arms were thrown *overboard* by their captors. They cannot understand why he entertains such fears.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, October 19.—The third annual meeting of the Army of Tennessee is to be held at Chicago on the 15th of December. Every officer who served in the army or the Department of Tennessee are entitled to membership, and are earnestly invited to attend. Letters of inquiry may be addressed to the Committee of Arrangements, Cincinnati.

SANDUSKY, October 19.—A warrant was issued Saturday night by the United States District Court of Northern Ohio, for the arrest of Hon. E. F. Dickenson, of Fremont, Democratic Congressman elect for the Ninth District, and also Probate Judge of Sandusky county, on charge of issuing fraudulent naturalization papers to ensure his own election. He will be taken to Cleveland for examination. J. H. McArdle, Dickenson's Deputy, and Chairman of Sandusky County Democratic Committee, was yesterday arrested on a similar charge, Dickenson being summoned as witness against him.

UTICA.

UTICA, October 19.—A conference took place Saturday between Gov. Seymour and certain members of the National Democratic Executive Committee, in relation to some important measures to be adopted for the present canvass. During the conference Gov. Seymour alluded to the suggestions in some quarters as to a change in the Presidential ticket. He said any change which should be made should include his withdrawal; that he was nominated against his wishes, and it would be a relief to him if any other name were substituted for his. The committee replied that no change had been contemplated by any of them; that in their judgment nothing could be so injurious to the Democratic cause as a change of candidates, and they refused to entertain any such question.

HAVANA.

HAVANA, October 19.—The following news has been received from Mexico: The Revolutionists defeated a company of Government troops near Zapattampas. Several officers of the former Liberal army have been captured in rebel bands. Some Mexican soldiers who attempted to rob a Government conducta, were captured and carried to the capital. Gen. Ortega has recovered from his illness. He remains at Saltillo. Gen. Uraga has been banished from the Republic. Gen. Escobeda had left the capital for Tampico, and Cortina will shortly proceed to Matamoras to ask concessions from the Vera Cruz Railroad Company, which has been defeated in the Mexican Congress.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, October 19.—Both parties have full electoral and Congressional tickets in the field and are working vigorously, both sanguine of success.

Gov. Holden has suspended his order organizing a detailed militia.

Gen. Miles has distributed the 40th U. S. regiment advantageously. This regiment is composed of colored troops.

One company (white) arrived from Fortress Monroe on Saturday.

Several robberies by armed disguised bands have recently been made in this State.

Gov. Holden professes only a desire to preserve order in the State, and Democrats disclaim all desire or intention to interfere with suffrage of blacks, and declare they will not interfere with or change the State government except by ballot. They have no objections to white U. S. troops remaining in the State, and apprehend no disturbance.

A colored man was tried in the Supreme court last week for attempted outrage on a negro girl. He chose his jury entirely from whites, and former slaveholders, and was acquitted by the evidence of a colored man.

Alex C. Willis, colored, of the 40th U. S. infantry, convicted six months ago of the murder of a colored citizen, has been sentenced to be hanged on the 6th of November.

FOREIGN.

DUBLIN, October 19.—Marquis Abercorn refused audience to the Limerick delegation on behalf of the Fenian prisoners.

Train has published an address to the American people bidding Irishmen to vote for Grant, and adducing proof that the Democratic party is friendly to England. He denounces Tammany Hall, and declares that the voters of the Fourth Congressional District of New York must take him as an independent candidate, or not at all.

VIENNA, October 19.—The Reichrath has reassembled. New bills proposing important reforms have been introduced in both chambers.

LIVERPOOL, October 19.—The Chamber of Commerce of this city has appointed the 22d inst. as the day for presentation of their address to Hon. Reverdy Johnson. The Mayor has invited Mr. Johnson to a dinner, at the Town Hall, to his honor on the 26th.

MADRID, Oct. 19.—The Junta has issued an address on the future form of the Spanish Government. It will be the duty of Cortez to decide upon, but all people will be allowed to express their opinions.

Olozaga has decided for a monarchy, and is supported by Serrano and Topete.

The Unionists and Democrats are willing to accept either Monarchy or Republic—if decided by universal suffrage.

VIRGINIA.

PETERSBURG, October 19.—In a conversation with John Q. Adams, who was on his way home, he said the Southern people were as loyal as any people in the North. The two races he found friendly disposed toward each other, and the negroes were peaceable in all cases, except where they were incited or influenced by carpet-baggers. Nothing was calculated to do greater harm than the disfranchisement of the whites, which was more extensive than he had any idea of, and if the people of the North could see the condition of the South, as he has, reconstruction would soon go to the wall. The negro race ruled the South despotically, but that could not last; for when the people were properly appealed to on that question, the North would never submit that ten of our best States should be governed by an ignorant and semi barbarous race. On the subject of the Presidency, he said it was too late to change the candidates, and such a movement would damage the interests of Democracy. He never believed that Mr. Chase could have carried the day against Grant, and certainly not now; nor was he thought an available man in the field, even if time were afforded. He condemned the platform of the Democracy more than the candidate, and thought the only issue upon which they should have gone before the people was reconstruction. He considered it unfavorable that such men as Wade Hampton, Forrest, and men like them, ever participated in the campaign. He had the best hopes that peace would be restored, and the question of negro domination and consequent ruin at the South be speedily disposed of. Ere long we would be living under the Constitution as it was. As regards his own chances as Governor of Massachusetts, he said his nomination was more of a compliment to him than anything else, and that he had no idea of being elected.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 19.—It is stated that leading Southern Democrats have issued an address, requesting Seymour and Blair to resign in favor of Chase and Franklin.

George Francis Train has been notified, by cable, of his nomination to Congress in the Fifth District of this city. The Committee urged him to pay the claims against him and return at once. On yesterday the committee received a dispatch from Train announcing his acceptance of the nomination, and stated he had offered the money to pay all claims, but it had been refused, as his imprisonment is for purely political reasons.

The *World* says a party cannot subsist upon vaporing and make believe. Unless we can change the aspect of the canvass, we shall have a repetition in November of the result which has overtaken us in the preliminary contest. If anybody tells the people that things look well as they now stand, that nothing which could now be done would better them, he is in the first case dishonest, and in the second mistaken. Governor Seymour now can aid us much, but Gen. Blair can aid us far more and in a different way, by a chivalric action superior to all eloquence.

The naturalizations thus far, in this city, amount to about 15,000, and in Brooklynn nearly 3000.

The Democrats nominated John G. Schumaker and Gen. Slocamb in the Brooklyn district, for Congress. The Republican nominees are Henry S. Belows and Samuel Booth.

The *Times* to-day estimates the Democratic majority of this city and Brooklyn, in November, at sixty-nine thousand, and claims the State for Grant by six thousand.

A dispatch has been received at the War Department from Gov. Clayton, of Arkansas, concerning the recent destruction, by a body of armed men, of arms purchased by the State. He is satisfied that armed resistance to law is contemplated, and in such event, he says, the United States forces at present stationed in that State, would be inadequate to preserve the peace.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, October 19.—The steamship Texas, from Indianola, foundered in a gale about the 5th inst and was completely wrecked. The captain and crew were saved by the brig Emily and brought here.

A dispatch received from Franklin, La., states that the office of the *Attakapas Register*, published in Franklin, St. Mary's parish, was sacked last night and the press destroyed and type scattered. The editor and printers left for New Orleans this morning.

Another dispatch says the citizens of Franklin and surrounding country are doing all in their power to preserve order. The negroes are very impudent and threatening.

The city of Jefferson, adjoining New Orleans, has been much excited for a few days past over the police imbroglio. That parish is included in the lately created Metropolitan Police District, and a force was appointed to take charge. The existing authorities refused to surrender, intending to have the matter tested in the courts. The "Mets" attempted to take possession by force, but unsuccessfully. They then established a station of their own, placing policemen on their beats. A number of these, together with their metropolitan captain, were arrested, but were released on bonds. Last night a notorious negro named Sandy Packer, said to be the head of the Loyal League, was arrested, having a sword and pistol by his side. He accounted for their possession by saying he was an officer of the Metropolitans. During the night several negroes were arrested while parading the streets, armed with Enfield rifles and United States cartridges, also boxes of ammunition. Rumors are afloat that the Metropolitans intend to attempt their forcible possession, which the existing authorities will resist. The Jefferson authorities elected at a recent election are willing to submit to a judicial decision, but refuse to surrender otherwise.

Negroes were congregating to-day at Brashear City, La., where it is said that one of the men assassinated at Franklin Saturday night, is to be buried. Arrivals from that section report great fear of a disturbance, and that the families of citizens are being sent to places of safety, the citizens themselves remaining.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, October 19.—Cotton steady; sales 1200 bales; uplands 25½@27½c. Flour, superfine $8 20@8 35. Whisky heavy. Rice dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar lower. Molasses firm. Wheat lower. Corn $1 15@1 16.

Dry Goods—Standard sheetings 15@16c; Lancaster ginghams 18c; prints 12½@13c.

Money market steady; call loans 6@7; sterling 9½@9¾; gold 37¾@37¾. Large business in new Tennessee's, which are quoted at 72¾@73; old 73@73¾.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, October 19.—Cotton in fair demand; middlings 25½c; sales 3600 bales; receipts 3079. Sterling 47½@49¼. Gold 37¾. New York sight par. Cuba sugar and Molasses in fair jobbing demand with prices unchanged. Three hogsheads of new crop Louisiana Sugar was received this morning. Flour, low grades scarce; superfine $7; XXX $8 50. Corn in active demand $1 01@1 04. Oats dull 60@62c. Bran $1 20. Hay firm, prime choice $26@27. Pork quiet and firm $32 25. Bacon firmer and unchanged; shoulders 13½; clear sides 17@17½c. Lard, in tierces 19½@20c, and quiet.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, October 19.—Tobacco, sales light; common leaf to Davis county manufacturing $5 50@12 75. Cotton 25c. Flour, superfine $6 25@6 50. Wheat $1 80@2 00. Corn, old $1; new 90c. Oats 50@55. Potatoes, packed $1 65@2 75c. Mess pork $31. Lard 19½@20c. Bacon, shoulders 12½@13½c; clear rib sides 16½@16½c; clear sides 17½@17½c. Whisky, raw and free $1 25.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, October 19.—Tobacco unchanged. Flour, superfine $5 50@6. Wheat, fall $1 90@2 25. Corn 93@95c. Oats 50@56c. Pork $31 50. Bacon, shoulders 13½c; clear sides 17¼@17½c. Lard 20@20½c. Whisky $1 27.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, October 19.—Flour, family $8 25@8 75. Wheat $1 80@1 90. Corn, new 60c; old 90@95c. Oats 50@60c. Cotton drooping 24½@25c. Whisky $1 20. Pork $30 75. Lard 18½c. Bulk meats 11¾@14c. Bacon, shoulders 13@13½c; sides 15¾@17c; hams 17¾@18½c. Butter 30c higher. Eggs 24@25c. Potatoes $2@2 50. Apples $2@4c. Slaughtering commenced to-day.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, October 19.—Consols 93¾; 5-20's, 75½.

PARIS, October 19.—Rentes 70 francs 20 centimes.

FRANKFORT, October 19.—Five-twenties 78½.

LIVERPOOL, October 19.—Cotton steady; sales 12,800 bales; uplands 10½d; Orleans 11d. Breadstuffs unchanged.

MARRIED.

ELLIS—HOOD.—On the evening of the 15th of October, Mr. A. B. Ellis, of Memphis, to Miss D. V. Hood, of Franklin county, Missouri.

BURIAL NOTICE.

WINTERS.—The friends of MARGARET WINTERS, wife of P. M. Winters, are invited to attend her funeral from his residence on Jones avenue, new Raleigh road, at half past eight o'clock, Wednesday morning next.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

MASONIC NOTICE.—The officers and members of Hamilton Lodge No. 299, are hereby notified to attend a special communication, of said Lodge, at their hall, in Odd Fellows' Building, this Tuesday evening, October 20, 1868, at 7 o'clock, for work in the E. A. degree.

Members of sister city Lodges and transient brothers in good standing are fraternally invited to attend.

By order of H. J. LYNN, W. M.
JOHN W. GRAHAM, Sec'y *pro tem.* oct20 1t

FOR RENT.—A Nice Cottage, 118 Vance street, with outhouses and stable, and all modern improvements. The Furniture of said house is for sale. Inquire on the premises. oct20 1w

WANTED TO RENT.—A Nice Dwelling House, centrally located, with not less than ten or twelve rooms. Address B., at this office. oct20 1f

BOARDING.—A Gentleman and Lady can have a good front room furnished and board, at 179 Second street. A few Day Boarders will be taken. [oct20 1w*] HENRY LAIRD.

Rally, 2d Ward Democratic Club.

LET all be present on TUESDAY NIGHT, 20th inst. New and important matters will brought before you. Eminent speakers have been procured. By order of the President.

oct20 J. B. LAWRENCE, Sec'y.

HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
S. M. DUNSCOMB, : : : Vice-President.
BEN MAY, : : : : : : Secretary.
P. M. NELSON, : : : : Ass't Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

A. VACCARO, S. M. DUNSCOMB,
S. B. WILLIAMSON, M. L. MEACHAM,
HENRY LAIRD, E. McDAVITT,
D. H. TOWNSEND.

oct20 1f

D. H. TOWNSEND,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 256 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENN.

☞ Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished customers. aug9 2mdaw3

Lumber, Lumber.

OLDEST lumber merchants in the South. Yard established in Memphis 1847. Building Material of all kinds. Dressed and rough Flooring, Doors, Shingles, Ceiling, Blinds, Laths, Weatherboarding, Glazed Sash, Fencing. We don't intend to be undersold. Yard and office foot Washington street, near river. sep18 dawGm M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN.

AUCTION.

AT AUCTION, THIS MORNING:

SUPERIOR BRUSSELLS CARPETS,
ELEGANT CHAMBER SETS,

And a Choice Assortment of Household Furniture, by W. M. PASSMORE & CO.,
oct20 No. 231 Second street.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

—AND—

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

Northeast Corner Main and Jefferson Streets.

AUCTION SALE

—ON—

Friday Morning,

October 23, 1868,

We will Sell to the Highest Bidder

—FOR CASH—

ON FRIDAY, AT 12 O'CLOCK,

Fine Pair Harness Mares

SOUND AND THOROUGHLY BROKEN.

Family Rockaway,

ALMOST NEW.

—AND—

A No. 1 Spring Wagon.

All can be seen at the STABLE of WILLIAM JOYCE, on ADAMS STREET.

ALSO, ON

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 28th,

Upon the premises, at 12 o'clock,

4 TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLINGS

—ON—

SOUTH SIDE of MOSBY STREET,

Near Jones avenue, newly built, and in perfect order, and located in one of the most desirable neighborhoods in the city.

These sales are positive and unreserved, and offer the best inducements that can be given for safe and profitable investments.

TERMS—Half cash and half 12 months, with interest, secured by Trust Deeds.

TRADE SALE OF

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS

ON THURSDAY NEXT,

October 22d, at 10 o'clock,

We will sell, at our Salesroom, without reserve,

75 CASES FRESH

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

—IN—

Quantities to Suit the Trade.

☞ Open for examination the day before sale. City and Country Merchants invited.

Royster, Trezevant & Co.

oct11

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,

37 Union Street,

THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oct9 1f

Elegant Oil Paintings, Chromo Lithographs and Engravings at Auction,

By A. M. Stoddard & Co., 37 Union St.,

TUESDAY MORNING, October 20th.

oct9 2t

Groceries at Auction—To the Trade

BY A. E. FRANKLAND,

197 Main Street.

I WILL SELL ON

Tuesday Morning, October 20th,

At 10 o'clock, at Salesroom, 197 Main street, Webster Block,

50 bbls. New Orleans Molasses,
200 kits Mackerel,
20 bbls. Mackerel,
10 casks Canvassed Hams,
500 boxes Sardines,
50 cases Green Peas,
100 dozen Bohemian Goblets,
10 dozen Coal Oil Lamps.

Also, Vinegar, Spices, Indigo, Claret, Sundries. Sales positive. Terms cash.

oct14 2t A. WALLACE, Auctioneer.

NORFOLK, VA.

WALTERS' NATIONAL HOTEL,

NORFOLK, VA.

J. M. WALTERS, PROPRIETOR. A STRICT 1st class house. sep18 6m

WM. A. PRINCE & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

25 and 27 Commerce Street.

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments to us, or our New York or Liverpool houses. sep18 6m

WM. McGEE, Memphis, Tenn. R. F. HERRON, Late of Shaws, Bell & Co.

McGEE & HERRON,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

251 Front St., Up-stairs, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market rates sep20 dawGm

PERKINS, SWENSON & CO.,

New Orleans, La.

SWENSON, PERKINS & CO.,

New York,

General Commission Merchants.

W. K. PERKINS. S. M. SWENSON. D. L. HERRON
oct8 1m

Laborers Wanted—1200 Men.

TO work on the Levees at Greenville, Washington county, Mississippi. Wages good and promptly paid.

HUGHES & SHARLES,
Contractors.

oct8 1m

W. J. JOHNSON,

—GENERAL—

Freight and Steamboat Agent,

sel 1f No. 7½ Madison Street.

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. S. GREENLAW,	R. K. FULLER,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES PERLAN.	

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by A judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable institution.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 291 MAIN STREET.

FERGUSON & PRIVETT,

No. 11 Madison Street, Agents for Tennessee.

jeld dthwlm

SILKS, SILKS, SILKS,

SILKS, SILKS,

SILKS!

TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH

JUST RECEIVED AT

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

BOUGHT FOR

CHEAP SALES!

AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF EVERY

IMAGINABLE KIND, COLOR AND SHADE!

AND WE OFFER

TO OUR PATRONS THE BENEFIT

—OF THIS—

CHEAP PURCHASE

Also, Just Received, a

FULL LINE OF IRISH POPLINS,

—TO BE—

SOLD AT REDUCED PRICES!

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

SOUTHERN FURNITURE HOUSE!

McKINNEY, BRYSON & CO.,

NO. 228 MAIN STREET,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE.

McKINNEY, BRYSON & CO., are now in receipt of their usual fall supply of FURNITURE, CARPETS, etc., at greatly Reduced Prices, and which they offer for sale at prices beyond competition in this or any other market. Their stock of

Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany and Oak Antique and Modern Parlor, Bedroom, Library, Dining and Hall Furniture

Is the most extensive and best assorted in the South, together with every variety of COUNTING HOUSE AND OFFICE FURNITURE. To Wholesale Dealers we offer great inducements. Having at all times a large stock of Common Bedsteads, Bureaus, Safes, Tables, Chairs, Mat Stools, etc. purchased specially for the trade.

In their Carpet and Upholstery Department will at all times be found a complete assortment of

Royal Medallion Velvet Carpets,
Tapestry Velvet Carpets,
Body and Tapestry Brussels Carpets,
Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets,
Dutch Wool and Hemp Carpets,
Venitian Twilled, 3-4 and 4-4 wide,
Rugs, Crumb Cloths, Floor and Hall Oil Cloths,
Stair Rods and Plates, Cocoa, Hemp Mats,
Canton and Cane Mattresses, etc.

A full line of CURTAIN MATERIALS, WINDOW SHADES, CORNICES, Etc.

French and German Brocatelle; Satin Delaines and Silk Striped Damasks; Worsted and Cotton Damask.

French Lace Curtains, Nottingham Curtains, Window Cornices, Curtain Bands, Etc

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

For Finance, Trade, General Markets and River Reports, see Fourth Page.

NEWSPAPER SALES.

In making our returns to the United States Assessor for the quarter ending the first inst., we did not include the profits and expenses of our Superintendent of Circulation, who will himself account for these to the Government. Had we done so, as we shall in the future, our returns for the time above stated, would have been just $1550 00 greater than they appear on the books of the Assessor. We call the attention of our business men and merchants to the corrected figures which we make as follows:

Appeal	$3441 94
Avalanche	2584 17
Bulletin	2047 68
Ledger	2484 38

In addition, we have to say that we do not derive any profit from our Sunday Paper, as our subscribers are served, seven papers each week, at 25 cents per week, the price formerly charged by us for six issues.

CITY MATTERS.

YESTERDAY was another dark and lowering day,—just the sort to make everybody feel low-spirited.

FRANCISCO & WIGGIN guarantee their stock of ladies' furs to be perfect, fresh, and of the latest patterns. They also repair and remodel ladies' furs. 1w

TAKEN up Sunday, 18th, a pet deer. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges, by applying to J. McIntosh, Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad machine shop. 3t

ALL KINDS OF SCRIP.—City, school and police scrip and county warrants, are wanted at Memphis City Savings Bank, corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

THE REGISTRAR, Capt. Sears, reports nine thousand six hundred and fifty-four votes registered up to five o'clock yesterday evening. The proportion of colored to white is about three to two.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS of Shelby county met yesterday, but did nothing more than reading and approving of the records of the preceding meeting. The "Hon." B. Lewis has not yet returned.

COL LANDON C. HAYNES will deliver the opening address at the Fair Grounds to-day at 11 o'clock. All should go to hear him, as it will be a most interesting reminder of the "good old times" of Shelby county.

"THE STAPLE" seems to be rolling in quite lively. We notice a large number of bales on Union street above Main, and on Main below Union, sent to Messrs. Tobin, Lynn & Co. for competition at the fair to-day.

NOTICE.—In consequence of the unavoidable accident which happened to a portion of the stage machinery, the advertising drop curtain at the New Memphis Theater, could not be lowered a second time last night. It will be all right by Wednesday evening and from that time forth.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—Coroner Samelson yesterday held an inquest on a poor, miserable creature who has been known around Memphis for years as "Irish Andy." He was found dead in a stable on or near the corner of Madison and De Soto streets. Verdict, "died from exposure and intemperance."

THE HOTELS have been doing a "land office" business for the past few days. They are crowded with strangers from the adjacent country and neighboring towns, who are drawn here by the extraordinary attractions of the present week in Memphis. We have never before seen so many new and strange faces on the streets as yesterday and Saturday.

'SQUIRE WALTON was engaged all yesterday evening trying a case between two *dames de plaisir*, yclept Helen Stowe and Anna Gallagher. The "gentle Annie" claimed that the "fair Helen" had "stowed" away fifty-two dollars of lawful currency belonging to her, and was about to start to Paris with it. The 'Squire continued the case till to-day.

HON. HENRY A. WISE FUND.—The Irish Literary Association of this city request the friends of the Hon. Henry A. Wise to meet this evening in the County Courtroom, at seven o'clock, for the purpose of perfecting the arrangements for adding to the fund which, at this time, is being collected throughout the country, to purchase a home for this distinguished advocate of civil and religious liberty. JOHN LOAGUE,
Memphis, October 20, 1868. President.

REGISTER, REGISTER.—Let every white man who has a vote remember that the first duty that he owes to himself, the community, the country and the white race, is to register. Captain Sears, the registrar, is now in receipt of blanks. Go to him, and if he is not ready to register you wait your turn. Delays are dangerous. Something may happen to prevent you if you postpone it. Go to-day.

FIRE.—There were two alarms of fire yesterday morning between one and three o'clock. The first was from a building near the Postoffice, on Third street, used as a butcher shop. The flames were extinguished before any material harm was done. The second was from a saloon known as the "Butchers' Retreat," on Washington street. The flames showed themselves just as a hard shower of rain came on, which aided very materially in quelling them. The roof was, however, considerably burned, and the building otherwise damaged.

SHELBY COUNTY AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—The gates will be open each day at nine o'clock; the exhibition will commence at eleven o'clock and close at four o'clock p.m. The street railroad cars will leave and return every ten minutes; omnibuses will run from cars to grounds during the day. A committee of well known gentlemen have been appointed to take charge of the ladies' stand—no improper characters will be allowed on the stand. An excellent band of music will be in attendance. All necessary steps have been taken for the preservation of order and decorum. By order of the President. 3t

HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY.—One of the most stable and excellent home institutions, of which Memphis can boast, is the Hernando Insurance Company. It is thoroughly domestic, and therefore belongs peculiarly to us. We were pleased to learn, yesterday, that in the late election for officers, Fred Nelson, Esq., one of our friend T. A. Nelson, Esq., President of the Chamber of Commerce, who has occupied the position of book-keeper in the Company for a year past, was elected Assistant Secretary. We congratulate Mr. Nelson on his promotion, and the Company in having secured his services in this new position.

THE WRONG PLACE.—A few nights, or rather mornings ago (for it was in the "wee sma' hours") after the labors of the editorial were over, and the "bling" door, at the head of the stairs leading to the editorial rooms of the APPEAL, was closed, one of the editors who chanced still to be up, heard steps upon the stairs and a peculiar rapping on the aforementioned door. Proceeding cautiously into the hall and peering into the darkness, he asked "who was there?" "Cash," was the laconic and mysterious reply. "What do you want?" asked the editor. "I want—" "A game? oh yes; well this is not the place—we are not dealing here now," and "Mr. Editor" turned to go; but "Cash" was not to be baulked of his "game" thus easily, and absolutely refused to leave until he had assured himself by actual inspection that the menagerie was not there—neither the "tiger," nor the "eagle bird by chance."

"THOSE ARMS."

"Straws Show Which Way the Wind Blows."

Proof Positive that it Was a Radical Trick to Make Votes.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

An aphorism in common parlance is like a "maxim," a rule, an "axiom" in law, and amounts to a proposition. Says Sir Edward Coke, "to be of all men confessed and granted without proof, argument or discussion. Hence the source of the common saying, "straws show which way the wind blows." The first exclamation by the Radicals in this city on learning the fate of "them arms," was, "I am glad; it will be worth *a hundred thousand* votes to us North." The scalawag District Attorney at Marion, Ark., on hearing of the event, responded promptly, *in the same language*, "good, it will be worth a *hundred thousand votes to our party North*" Why exactly "a hundred thousand?" Let others answer why the exact response of these Radicals at different times and places to different persons. The good Book says, "be sure your sin will find you out." Y.

CITY COUNCIL.

Called Meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

The Memphis and Selma Railroad,

The Appropriation of $300,000 Voted.

At a called meeting of the City Council yesterday evening, a quorum being present, Judge Swayne in the chair, the following business was transacted.

The Secretary read the following message from the acting Mayor, Alderman Johnson:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
MEMPHIS, TENN., October 17, 1868.

To the Honorable Board of Aldermen:

You have convened to receive and act upon, the report of the committee, consisting of one member from each ward, to whom was referred the ordinance, which passed the Board at its first reading, at your last meeting, contemplating the taking of stock, and issuance of bonds of the city therefor, to the amount of $300,000, in the contemplated Railroad from Memphis to Selma, Ala. I doubt not that the committee have given the subject their careful consideration, in its various bearings and relations of the future effect which this road will have upon the growth and prosperity of our city. Penetrating, as it will, more than 250 miles, through a section of country whose soil is unsurpassed in richness and fertility, for the production of cotton and cereals, it must be apparent to every reflecting mind that it will be one of the best paying roads having a terminus in this city. Should the report of the Committee, and your action on the same, be favorable, and you pass the ordinance upon its final reading, it will, as you are aware, be imperative and void until it shall have been sanctioned by a majority of the qualified voters of the city, at an election to be held for that purpose, after an advertisement of ten days' notice, which it will be necessary for the Board to authorize to be published. If the Committee have not made an amendment to the ordinance requiring that the bonds be issued for the purpose of and to be used on that portion of the road connecting with Memphis, it will be important to do so, for the protection of the interests of the city, in the proper appropriation of the Bonds, if issued.

Respectfully submitted.
G. D. JOHNSON, Mayor *pro tem.*

The following is the ordinance that was recommended by the committee to whom the matter was referred, and which was passed on its first reading:

WHEREAS, In the opinion of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis, the construction of a railroad from this city to Selma, in the State of Alabama, will, very greatly, contribute to the material wealth of this city; therefore

Be it ordained, etc., That the sum of three hundred thousand dollars, in stock, be subscribed in behalf of the city of Memphis, in the Memphis, Holly Springs, Okolona and Selma Railroad Company, and that for the purpose of paying said subscription the said Mayor and Aldermen may issue the bonds of said city, bearing interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, and having not more than thirty years to run, payable in the city of New York, and the interest on which bonds shall be payable semi annually in said city; and that the Mayor of Memphis shall execute this ordinance by subscribing for said stock; provided that the ordinance shall not be in force until the same shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said city for their approval, to be taken at an election to be held for that purpose, after ten days' notice by proclamation of the Mayor, published in all the daily newspapers of the city, and shall be approved by a majority of those who may vote at said election; and the manner of holding said election shall be as follows: Those voting against the subscription shall write upon their tickets, "No subscription," and those voting for it shall write upon their tickets, "Subscription."

Referred to a special committee of Aldermen O'Donnell, Wright, McDavitt, Passmore, Benner, Ruffin, Brown, Black, Johnson and Glancy.

The committee to whom it was referred reported strongly recommending its adoption.

Alderman Ruffin desired to offer as an amendment, that the bonds of the city are not to be issued until the directors of said road shall have exhibited to the Mayor of the city a *bona fide* and solvent subscription of stock from other sources sufficient to grade and bridge fifty miles of the road from this city.

Mr. Ruffin's amendment was lost, and Mr. O'Donnell moved a suspension of the rules and that the report pass upon its second and final reading.

Mr. Passmore offered as an amendment, "That the bonds to be issued by the city of Memphis to help build said road, be appropriated to purchase iron rails for the road, and the style and title of the railroad bonds be known as the "Holly Springs, Okolona and Selma Railroad Subscription Bonds." The amendment was lost, and Major Sykes, by unanimous consent, was called upon to address the board.

Major Sykes said:

That under the circumstances, he disliked to make any remarks, but as there seemed to be some difference of opinion among the members of the Board as to the method of the city's subscription to this road, he would explain his views in a few words. He has taken as much interest in this road as any one could possibly do, and he knew the people along the route intimately. Upon the action of this city, alone, depends the success or failure of this road. The people believe it to be a Memphis project, and believing this, Memphis must take immediate and decisive action in the enterprise.

On a recent trip from here to Holly Springs, he did not see a single pound of meat or sack of flour that had been purchased in Memphis. Railroads running to other cities are running through the country, and to other points the people send to purchase their supplies. If we construct this railroad to pass through their country, they will come here to purchase; and if we quibble, or offer any opposition, whatever, to project will be lost, beyond redemption; the people will continue to trade at other points, and our city will lose all that may be gained by its successful completion.

If we will grade the road for thirty miles, we can afterwards easily sell the lands; and by this means continue the work and purchase the iron. If we will grade the road to the State line, the State will also give assistance, and the State of Alabama says grade the road and she will give twelve thousand dollars per mile. Unless we commence the work, it will never be performed, and if you pass any such an ordinance as either of those just presented your project is dead.

If the city will subscribe her $300,000 she will control the road, elect the directors, and thus easily protect her interest in the scheme, which seems to be all that there is any uncertainty about, at the time. In addition to this, to protect her interests, she can hereafter pass an ordinance that the bonds shall not be negotiated at less than a stipulated sum. The city of Selma objects to taking a dollar's stock in the road, believing if it is built nearly all of the cotton that now and there will come to Memphis. If this should be so, and we should get one hundred thousand bales from that direction we could well afford to lose our entire subscription.

It is not probable that we will lose our subscription however. It can be protected, and if we do the grading we can easily iron the road. If you put these restrictions upon the passage of the ordinance, you had better not pass it at all. If you are not unanimous the road will not be built. The little town of Okolona without a dissenting voice, subscribed fifty thousand dollars to the enterprise, and this is one-fifth of her entire taxable property. If we should do as well we would give six millions. He hoped the board would pass the ordinance untrammeled.

The question was then called, and upon a second and final reading the report was adopted.

Mr. O'Donnell here rose to a personal explanation and said: "It has been whispered around among my friends that I have taken a bribe from the Nicholson pavement contractors, and that as I have nothing to fortify myself with but an honest conscience, I denounce the originator and promulgator as a willful and malicious liar. I assert here before you all that I have never, directly or indirectly, received, or agreed to receive, one dollar or one cent for any action or vote of mine in this Board of Aldermen. I demand an investigation of these charges against me."

No action was taken on Alderman O'Donnell's motion.

Mr. Passmore said a committee would have to be appointed to represent the city at Okolona on the 9th of November, when a meeting of the people is to be held. The chairman appointed as the committee W. B. Greenlaw, W. R. Hunt, J. D. Ruffin, Jno. C. Fizer, E. W. Rucker, N. B. Forrest and W. R. Moore. The board confirmed the appointments unanimously.

Mr. O'Donnell desired that the sealed bids for the culvert on Wellington street be opened and read, and upon motion the work was awarded to Mr. Haynes, he being the lowest bidder. After which the board adjourned.

THEY FIGHT.

Blows Actually the Result of a Radical Quarrel.

Waldran and Chandler Come Together—Terrific Affray.

The public have been so used to reading terrific onslaughts on private character, emanating from the worthies of the Republican party, who figure daily in the *Post* and the *Bulletin*, and have been so often disappointed in their expectations of bloody results therefrom, that it quite takes them by surprise when one of them resents anything of the sort. Quite a little excitement was therefore kicked up yesterday by a fight between Judge Waldran, of the Municipal Court, and Col. J. L. Chandler, Tax Collector on Privileges, growing out of a card published by the former about the latter in the *Post* a few days ago. As in all such cases, the accounts of the affair are very mixed and both parties claim to have "whipped." The truth we suppose lies between the two statements, and is about as follows: Chandler walked into Col. Pickett's office, in the County Court building, and there found Waldran lighting his pipe. Chandler had gone in peaceably and in a good humor with himself and all the world, but the sight of Waldran was too much for him. He went for him. The fur flew! it was nip and tuck, nip *and* tuck. But alas! for the good old times of a fair fight. While Chandler was manfully manhandling Waldran, and the latter was bellowing like the bull of Bashan, several bystanders rushed up to stop the combat. A man named Miller, a friend of Waldran's, first interfered. He was choked off by one of the *Bulletin* attaches, who gave him his card and asked him to tea, but while these two were exchanging compliments, Waldran, gathering his head under his arm, like the blessed St. Dennis, and wiping the blood from his nose with his coat tail, struck for home, and the last that was seen of him he was going thitherward with his "gallusses a fluttering in the wind."

THE NEW MEMPHIS.

Opening Night---Brilliant Assemblage.

The opening night at our handsome little theater is always an occasion of excitement in fashionable circles, and no little also among those who do not claim to move in the ranks of Memphis upper-tendom. Last night was no exception to the general rule, and the audience which assembled to witness the *Lady of Lyons* would compare favorably in point of elegance, fashion and beauty with that of any other on the continent. The curtain arose, and upon the very handsome stage, which is so familiar to Memphis play-goers, was arrayed the whole strength of the new company. The introductory overture, by Handwerker's fine orchestra, was a masterpiece, and stamped the musical director no ordinary musician. An opening address, written by Col. James D. Marshall, was read by that lady and favorite, Mrs. M. Lanagan, whose appearance drew forth hearty applause from those present, with all of whom she is held in high esteem, not only for her decided merit as an actress, but for those many charming traits which characterise her in the domestic circle. Of the chorus from "La Grande Duchesse," in which the Company joined, the least we can say is that it took the house by storm, and that Mrs. T. S. Cline, as soloist, at once established herself a favorite with those who appreciate cultivated vocal merit. Bulwer's fine, but rather threadbare play, of the *Lady of Lyons* followed, and, notwithstanding that the Company was new and just brought together from, we may say, all points of the compass, there was less of what we may term jarring than we have ever witnessed on similar occasions. Miss Charlotte Thompson, whom we have ever esteemed one of the most charming of our American actresses, was warmly received, and, as "Pauline," performed her part with more of naturalness—more of what we consider the true rendition of that loving but haughty woman's nature—than when she visited us two seasons ago. Mrs. Nellie Taylor, as "Madam Deschapelles," was very much the lady of aspiring ideas and worldly love for her daughter's welfare, not confined especially to Lyons. She dressed her part elegantly and was very much admired and will, no doubt, prove a favorite. Of the other lady characters we must see more before we can express our opinion. "Claude Melnotte," Mr. Theodore Hamilton, we think, came fully up to even the rigid requirements of a "first night." Of fine personal appearance, good voice and easy carriage, we think the management has been fortunate in its choice of a leading gentleman. Of the other male characters we would like to say something, but prefer to see them in other roles before putting our estimate upon them. We would, however, be remiss if we did not mention the "Landlord" of the "Lion's Head," Mr. F. J. Dovey, who, out a very poor part, succeeded in making something which gave assurance that he was no ordinary actor, but will prove himself a trump card when the occasion offers. Mr. Lanagan, who enjoys a popularity with our people only second to his wife, as "Mons. Deschapelles," sustained his reputation and gave us a true rendition of a character that affords some fine touches of nature. Take it all in all, the opening night was a success, and Mrs. Thompson, the lessee, Mr. Chris Steinkuhl, the manager, and Mr. Robert McWade, the stage manager, all deserve the thanks of our play-goers for placing before them probably the best stock company ever on the boards of the New Memphis. An unfortunate occurrence, explained by a notice elsewhere, prevented the "advertising drop curtain" from being used after the first time. It will be all right, however, by Wednesday evening, and regularly thereafter.

THE RAILROAD TO SELMA.—Maj. Minor Meriwether yesterday exhibited to the members of the Common Council, a profile of the air route of the proposed Railroad between this point and Holly Springs. It shows that the gradings and cuts along the proposed route will be very slight on a large portion of the line, and the work can be accomplished with much less cost and labor than has heretofore been anticipated. The deepest cut along the route is cut forty-two feet, and by diverging slightly from an air line, much of this and other cuts can be avoided or materially reduced.

THE CIRCUS.—Ames' great circus "showed" in the city yesterday twice, besides making a grand parade through the streets, such as has not been seen in Memphis before in a long time. Yesterday afternoon, at the matinee, the Pavilion, on the corner of Third and Adams street, opposite the Central Hotel, was crowded to repletion with the little folks and ladies, who seemed to enjoy the whole show very much. In the evening it was not so well attended, that is by our *better classes*, most of those having gone to the Theater on "opening night." To-day, however, we hope for a larger and more satisfactory turnout of all classes to support a "show" which is in every way worthy of our patronage.

THEATER.—The play this evening will be *Fanchon the Cricket*, in which Miss Charlotte Thompson appears as "Fanchon,"

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor, etc.*—No business transacted in this Court yesterday. The following cases are set for hearing to-day on motion plea and demurrer:

Holmes vs Southern Asylum.
Bradford vs Cherry.
Connelly vs Myers.
Jenkins vs Lehman.
Same vs Johnson.
Buck vs Williams.
Bolton vs Dickman.
Leftwich vs same.
Dickens vs Miller.
Morrill vs Finlay.
Bishop vs Wallace.
Rozzell vs Padgett.
Mandell vs Dahlinger.
Andrews vs Brown.
Gaipel vs Eckerly.
Memphis and St. Louis Packet Co. vs Wilson.
State vs Memphis Overton Hotel Company.
Leftwich vs Bunton.
Hunt vs Wing.
Gaffrell vs Quinn.

LAW COURT—*H. S. Lee, Judge.*—The Mandamus cases set for argument yesterday were continued over until Thursday, the 22d instant. The following orders were entered:

417 Boro vs Saint, attachment for witness.
585 Neailis vs Crowly, continued.
671 Hunt vs Harris, set for Wednesday at end of calendar.
703 Howard vs Evans, set for Wednesday at end of calendar.
721 Bickford vs Gorman, continued.
726 Levi vs Meath, continued.

The following cases are set for trial to-day:

728 Branch Bank of Tenn. at Memphis vs De Lap.
729 Branch Bank of Tenn. at Memphis vs same.
733 Ruffin vs Furguson.
734 Leonard & Co. vs Waltering.
737 Hensey, administrator, vs Gorman.
738 Lanier et al vs McDonald.
740 Park & Co. vs Williams.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT—*George W. Reeves, Judge.*—The following business was disposed of in this Court yesterday:

State vs. Lanahan, indicted for murder, was continued over to the next term.

Case of State vs. Davis, indicted for mule stealing, was taken up, and the Court was engaged in the trial of the same until a late hour.

The State docket will be continued to-day.

No decision has been rendered as yet in the divorce case of Davis vs. Davis.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge, etc.*—Only two cases were disposed of in this Court to-day, to-wit:

1765 State vs. Williams, verdict not guilty.
1766 State vs. Midgett, " " "

The following cases were continued over for to-day:

State vs. Kirwan.
State vs. Beaumont.
State vs. Burcher.

In addition to the above business the cases inserted below will also be disposed of:

856 to 923 State vs. James Schooles.
1744 State vs. Fisher.

CRIMINAL COURT.—*Wm. Hunter Judge.* Court met yesterday pursuant to adjournment. No business transacted. Stands adjourned until Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. All persons summoned as jurors must report at that time. Forfeitures will be taken against all parties failing to appear.

PERSONAL.—We were happy to meet and welcome home yesterday Mr. N. D. Menken, of the old and popular firm of Menken Bros. Mr. Menken, after having been absent several months, returns home very much improved in health and fortified against the labors of the coming busy season.

LADIES' mink collars—Eugenie's, Berthas and circulars, at Francisco & Wiggin, 307 Main street. 1w

OYSTERS.—D. Aste & Co., Dominic the superb, and Tonio Brichetto, (two better fellows never lived), have received and are now daily in receipt of consignments of "Cherry Stone," "Saddle Rock" and "Point Lookout" oysters—oysters the like of which were never before offered to a Memphis public. They are in shell, and cans, and are warranted the very freshest in the market. Messrs. Aste & Co. offer them for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, from "half a dozen on the half shell" up to a barrel or ten barrels, or a hundred cans. At the stand, on the southwest corner of Union and Main streets, everything appertaining to a first-class oyster supper can be gotten up in the shortest notice and in a style unsurpassed by any restaurant in the city. *Bon vivears* know "Dominic's" too well, however, to need to be posted.

ATTENTION TAX PAYERS.—City, school and police scrip and county warrants in sums to suit tax payers, can be obtained at the lowest rates at the Memphis City Savings Bank, corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

FRESH OYSTERS! REDUCED PRICE! Fresh oysters received daily at No. 36 Jefferson street, at seventy-five cents per can.

LADIES' furs, furs, furs. Furs at Francisco & Wiggin. 1w

DANCING ACADEMY.—Professor Mook has commenced his session of dancing lessons, at his hall on Second street, between Adams and Jefferson. Days for ladies, Wednesdays and Saturdays; for gentlemen, Tuesdays and Thursdays at night. Soiree every two weeks.

W. L. STEWART has removed to No. 290 Front street, up stairs. oct9-10t

LADIES' WHITE CORSETS at $1—Rice & Engel, 233 Main street.

GAGE & FISHER, 308 Front street. 1m

WANTED.—H. Wishart, dress-maker, 118 Union street, wishes to employ *four competent dress makers.* None others need apply. 3t

H. Dow, grocer and commission merchant, has removed to 206 Front street, where he will hereafter be found by his customers and friends. 1w

GREAT VARIETY of hem-stiched, lace and bordered handkerchiefs, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

TRANSPORTATION.

"Old Reliable" Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company, Tri-Weekly Line.

THE splendid side-wheel steamers COMMERCIAL, LIBERTY, No. 2, and MAYFLOWER, will form a Tri-Weekly line between Memphis and White River, leaving Memphis every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock p.m., connecting at Devall's Bluff with trains o the Little Rock Railroad for Little Rock, Hot Springs, and all points in Arkansas. Returning, will leave Devall's Bluff every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, on arrival of the train from Little Rock.

Commercial, Capt. John Edson, leaves Memphis Thursday, at 5 o'clock p.m.; Liberty, No. 2, Capt. James Allen, Tuesday, at 5 o'clock p.m.; Mayflower, Capt. Wm. J. Ashford, Saturday 5 o'clock p.m.

C. O. D. bills will be taken for responsible parties by the line as heretofore, without any charge being made for collection.

The steamer F. W. Brooks will run in connection with this line from Jacksonport to Pocahontas on Black River, making semi-weekly trips.

Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed upon us during the past three years, we hope by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same in the future.

JOHN B. DAVIS,
Supt. M. and W. R. Pckt. Co.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson street.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents.
No. 210 Front Row.
sep20 tf

JOHN LESLIE,
PRACTICAL
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER
Grainer and Paper Hanger,
No. 46 Monroe Street,
Between Main and Second Streets,
MEMPHIS, - - TENNESSEE.
oct7

Removal.

ONLEY & DUVAL have removed their law office to the Southwest Corner of Monroe and Second streets. oct9 1m

FOR MOUND CITY.

STEAMER PROSTA LEAVES every day for Mound City at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., 3 p.m. and 6 p.m. Leaves Mound City every day at 6½ a.m., 9 a.m., 1 p.m. and 4 p.m. Landing at foot of Washington street.
MARK R. CREEK,
1y11 Master.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Lessee.....MRS. W. C. THOMPSON
Manager and Treasurer.....C. D. STEINKUHL
Stage Manager.....ROBERT McWADE

GREAT SUCCESS of the new Company, and Brilliant Reception of MISS CHARLOTTE THOMPSON and the NEW COMPANY.

October 20, 1868:

FANCHON.

FANCHON - - - MISS CHARLOTTE THOMPSON
(Great Play in Rehearsal.)

☞ Doors open at 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at quarter to 8 precisely.

SCALE OF PRICES.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.

Box-book open from 10 o'clock a.m. to 5 p.m. Orchestra under the direction of GEORGE HANDWERKER. o20

LIONS TIGERS & LEOPARDS

Loose in the Streets of Memphis!

A Scene of Thrilling Novelty,

A speciality not even attempted by any other Equestrian and Zoological organization in christendom! A distinguishing feature in the grand and extensive public procession of

Col. O. T. Ames'
NEW ORLEANS
MENAGERIE, CIRCUS,
AVIARY AND MUSEUM,

Announcing the advent, and exhibiting the almost illimitable resources of this world famed combination, will be displayed in the public streets of Memphis,

Monday Morning, Oct. 19, 1868,

After which, at 2 and 7 o'clock p.m., for the short period of

FOUR DAYS ONLY,

The extensive and proficient school of Equestrians, Gymnasts, Acrobats, Vaultiguers, Athletes, Herculeans, Clowns, Comedians and Musicians.

A Multitude of Wild Beasts,

Among which is the seldom witnessed and interesting specimens,

A BABY ELEPHANT AND INFANT LIONS.

Flocks of rare Birds and Fowls, herds of performing Horses, tribes of acting Monkeys trained Ponies, comic Mules, etc., etc., will be presented in a grand ensemble of entertainments of the most unexceptionable, novel, daring and interesting character.

☞ Will exhibit on ADAMS STREET, OPPOSITE HOTEL. DOC. CHAMBERS,
oct4 Business Manager.

DANCING ACADEMY,
Clay Building, 233 Main Street.

MR. AND MRS. DEGRAY BENNET (the only artistic teachers in the South), respectfully inform the public that their school is now open for the reception of pupils. sep27 1m

VARIETIES THEATER,
Corner Main and Washington Sts.

C. H. H. BROOM.....Proprietor
J. S. BERRY.....Stage Manager

THE ABOVE POPULAR PLACE OF AMUSEMENT is

OPEN EVERY EVENING,

With a variety of Songs, Dances, Farces, Burlesques, Negro Acts, etc.
Admission, 50c. Private boxes, $5. oct 1m

INSURANCE.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH
—OF THE—
KNICKERBOCKER
Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
AT MEMPHIS, TENN.
Office, No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.
Assets, : : : $4,000,000

Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:

HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, Mc-Nutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank;
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
R. J. REMMES, of Messrs. R. J. Remmes & Co.,
CHARLES C. PARTEE, of Messrs. Partee & Harbert;
CHARLES FORTRECHT, Attorney at Law;
JOHN F. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Royster Trezevant & Co.;
JOHN MHON, of Messrs. Mhoon & Co.;
NAT. S. GREEN, of Messrs. N. S. Green & Co.;
J. STANWOOD MENKEN, of Messrs. Menken Bros.;
M. F. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy, Williams & Russell.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

R. W. MITCHELL, M.D., FRANK RICE, M.D.

GENERAL AGENT,

JOHN F. WILKERSON,
For West Tennessee and North Mississippi.
MANAGERS:
S. R. CLARKE & CO.
feb18

To the Friends and Patrons of W. K. Hill & Co.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform you that owing to the death of Mr. W. K. Hill, which occurred at his residence on the 14th inst., and who has had the sole charge of the above house in Memphis, the business of said firm is removed to New Orleans and merged in the house of Dickmann & Hill, where all communications touching the business of other house should be addressed.

Thanking you for the liberal share of patronage hitherto confided to our care, and soliciting a transfer and continuance of the same to our New Orleans house, in charge of our Mr. C. Dickmann, only surviving partner of the two houses. We are respectfully, your obedient servants,
DICKMANN & HILL,
88 Union street, New Orleans.
15th October, 1868. oct8 2w

HUME F. HILL
No. 19 Madison St., Memphis, Tenn.,
United States Commissioner,
Commissioner for the Court of Claims at Washington, Commissioner of Deeds for the several States, Justice of the Peace, Shelby Co., Tenn.

☞ As Justice of the Peace he will give prompt attention to all business brought before him. He has never been in the habit of requiring cost in advance.

☞ Mr. H. ADAMS, a duly elected and Bonded Constable, of the 12th Civil District Shelby county, will attend at this office, and receipt for all claims placed in his hands for collection. He is reliable and prompt, and can give the most satisfactory references. oct5 tf

MEMPHIS, October 1, 1868.

WE, the undersigned, Cotton Compressors, hereby agree to make ratethe for Compressing Cotton on and after this date

ONE DOLLAR PER BALE,

Which includes one drayage, one tie, covering one sample hole, and insurance at the press; and we pledge ourselves not to rebate, directly or indirectly, and faithfully to comply with this agreement. All Compressing bills are due and payable when the cotton is delivered to the carrier. All cotton delivered at our presses with only six bands or ropes upon which seven bands or ropes had been originally, will be charged Fifteen Cents each which will be collected with Compressing Bill. The receipt of our receiving clerk shall be evidence of our claim

Southwestern Freight and Cotton Press Co.,
By J. MCKNITT, President.
Charleston Cotton Press,
By WALDRON & GILL.
Chickasaw Steam Cotton Press,
By GILL & MAURY.
Shippers' Cotton Press,
By H. A. MONTGOMERY & CO.
Bluff City Cotton Press,
By EUGENE McDONNELL.
oct 9w

$1 00 Premium

FOR THE LARGEST EAR OF CORN DELIVERED to
E. P. BATES & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
No. 356 Front street.

TRANSPORTATION.

Quickest Route to New York
—AND ALL—
PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES
—IS BY THE—
Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Fall Schedule, September 13, 1868

Double Daily Through Trains
RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	5:10 a.m.	2:55 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	5:30 a.m.	3:15 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:50 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:50 p.m.
" Cleveland	9:50 p.m.	6:25 a.m.
" Buffalo	5:30 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:05 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	8:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:20 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	3:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	6:00 p.m.

6th Train connect for Nashville.

The 2:15 p.m connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates,

Can be procured at the Company's Office, 227½ Main street, and at De pot, head of Main street.

☞ Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. sep15

Mississippi and Tennessee R. R.

Fast Freight Line to New Orleans.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made with the Mississippi Central, and New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroads, by which freight can be shipped through to New Orleans Without Change of Cars or Transfer.

Freight Delivered in New Orleans Within 48 Hours.

The attention of COTTON BUYERS is especially called to the advantages of this line, as offering extra inducements in point of time, and in the condition of the Cotton when delivered.

Through Rates Given and Guaranteed.

For further information apply to H. G. PATTERSON, Agent for the Line, at 227½ Main street, or of J. M. PAMPLIN, Agent at the Depot.
oct 2w A. S. LIVERMORE,
General Superintendent.

THROUGH COTTON ROUTE.

Shortest, Quickest, Best---Via Memphis and Charleston Railroad and its Connections.

RATE ON COTTON PER 100 LBS.

From Memphis to	Via Norfolk. Comp.	Uncomp.	Via Charleston. Comp.	Uncomp.
New York	$1 30	$1 65	$1 30	$1 65
Boston	1 50	1 75	—	—
Providence	1 38	1 75	—	—
Philadelphia	1 22	1 55	1 22	1 55
Baltimore	1 14	1 45	1 14	1 45
Petersburg and Richmond	92	1 17	—	—
Norfolk	1 00	1 22	—	—
Charleston	—	—	85	1 25

This line gives Shippers advantage of TWO ROUTES.

For Through Bills Lading or information, apply to F. H. TALLY, General Agent, 278 Main street, or A. J. LOWE, Agent at Depot.

Claims for LOSS OR DAMAGE PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.

W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent, Memphis and Charleston R. R.
JOS. C. LOPEZ, General Freight Agent, Memphis and Charleston R. R. oct10

BROKERS.

JACOB LEVY. S. BORG. L. LEVY

LEVY & BORG
41 Pine St., New York,
BROKERS,
And Dealers in all kinds of
STOCKS, BONDS
—AND—
UNCURRENT MONEY.

In connection with
THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS BANK,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
They are enabled to make
Southern Securities a Specialty.

STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION. Orders solicited. And we now want

1st and 2d Mortgage Bonds, Coupons and Stock of

Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company
Mississippi Central " "
Mississippi and Tennessee " "
Memphis and Ohio " "
Memphis and Little Rock " "
Mobile and Ohio " "

And all other miscellaneous Securities and Uncurrent Money, for which we will pay the highest market price. oct 1m

Shelby County Agricultural Fair.

THE undersigned having been appointed a Committee to confer with the various Rail road offic

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FINANCE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, October 19, 1868. }

The business of our banks is now confined to one single channel—that of exchange—all else is neglected. It takes all their available capital to supply the large demand made upon them for the removal of cotton, and of necessity the many other means which they had to resort to during the dull season to make expenses now possess no attractions whatever. All transactions in stocks and bonds are confined to our brokers—both those who have a "local habitation and a name," and those who have no known place of business, but are at all times and at all places at once. Checking was heavy to-day for local business purposes—one of our banks alone having paid out across the counter over $100,000 previous to 12 m. Cotton bills are abundant upon all quarters and keep the supply of Exchange far in advance of any demand. There is no diminution in the receipts of currency, which arrives daily per express, and our discount houses upon opening their doors this morning, made quite a display of their wealth in greenbacks, which was piled by in profusion on all sides.

Stocks and bonds were in demand, but we could learn of no offerings. A lot of "plain" city bonds held by private parties, and for which 52¢ was bid, was unsold at last report. Several inquiries were made for Mobile and Ohio Sterling bonds, but no sales. Memphis and Charleston 1st Mortgage bonds, as well as the stock of this road, are in demand.

There is some difficulty experienced in making change, owing to the scarcity of small bills. Our banks have about exhausted their supply of "ones" and "twos."

City scrip is very firm and some better than on Saturday. Tax payers are beginning themselves, and well they may. Those who acted upon the advice given in the columns of the APPEAL, and supplied their wants before the advance, have reason to congratulate themselves. Street brokers to-day were anxious buyers at 75@77c, while purchasers of large pieces were reluctantly supplied at 78@80c. Small amounts are held at 82c, and will be worth 90c by the 1st of November. A sale of $4000, in large pieces, was made at 76c between dealers.

Gold has varied during the week, but the general tendency has been downwards. It opened to-day in New York at 136¾, and closed at 137¼. 135@135¼ were the buying rates in this market with light transactions. There is no demand except for shipment.

County warrants are firm and in demand at 60@62c; selling at 65c.

Police and School scrip steady at 80c buying; selling at 85c.

COTTON.

Cotton was buoyant at the opening this week in Liverpool with Uplands 10¼d, Orleans 11¼d. It fell ¼d on Wednesday, and remained at that figure the balance of the week, closing to-day steady.

The New York market opened quiet but steady—Uplands 26½c. It went down ¼c before night; the following day, Wednesday, it fell ¼c; the next day witnessed a further decline of ¼, without any apparent cause. It went up ¼ on Friday, was firm on Saturday, and closed quiet but firm to-day, with Uplands 25½c.

Sales in this market have been heavy during the week, and prices have been satisfactory. The lowest points reached was 22¼@22½c, at which rates only a few lists were sold, but prices are again tending upward, and with an accession of orders we may look for unusual activity during the commercial week just opening. The weather, except for the past two days, has been very favorable and receipts are daily growing larger. Among the prominent sales to-day were 21 bales Ordinary at 20c; 12 Good Ordinary at 21c, 48 at 21½c; 30 Low Middlings at 22½c, 15 at 22½c, 9 at 22½c; 152 bales Middlings sold on Saturday evening, not previously reported, at 22½c; 46 Low Middlings at 22½c, 89 at 22¾, 56 at 22¾c, 123 at 22½c, 85 at 22½c, 40 at 22½c; 71 Middlings at 22½c, 80 at 23c, 20 at 22½c, 20 at 23c, 30 at 23c, 17 at 23¾, 100 at 23¾, 29 at 22½c; 13 Strict Middlings at 23½c, 25 at 23½c, 32 at 23½c, 23 at 23½c, 32 at 23½c; 6 Good Middlings at 24½c. We quote as follows:

Ordinary	20@21
Good Ordinary	21@22
Low Middlings	22@22½
Middling	22½@23
Strict Middling	23½@24
Good Middling	24 @24½

COTTON STATEMENT.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
MEMPHIS, October 19, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	8,369	
Received previously	18,562	21,931
		21,978
Exported to-day	1,570	
Exported previously	12,427	13,797
Stock on hand to-day, 12 m		8,181

TRADE.

The Agricultural Fair, which opens to-morrow, has attracted a large number of people to our city, and our hotels are all full. Business for the week has been quite active in all its various branches, and for several days in the latter part of the week our streets were thronged with wagons from the country. In the way of provisions we have but little to say, except that prices are higher than at the issue of our last weekly report. There is no improvement whatever in stocks. Meats of all kinds are scarce, and will be so until new meat makes its appearance. Old Corn is seldom seen, while new Corn comes in but slowly, and is not in much demand. Feeders use it sparingly, and millers, so far, have not shown any disposition to buy. Bagging is in large supply, with fair demand.

The Dry Goods trade, for the week, has been animated, our leading houses reporting an active demand for seasonable goods at last week's prices. The supply is large of all staple articles, and the call from country merchants embraces all lines of goods generally kept by the country dealers. The auction sales in New York, of both foreign and domestic goods, attract the most attention in that market this season, and it is said that better prices are obtained than when sold regularly at private sale.

The Boot and Shoe market is active, and prices continue very firm. Heavy boots for men, and such makes as are suitable for the season in women's wear, are most called for. The Eastern markets are quiet, with some falling off noticeable in the trade, which is accounted for by the near approach of the election. There is, however, a fair business doing in the jobbing line, and numerous small orders are received from distant points, which, with the home demand for the best retail work, imparts some activity to the trade, but for any large advance operations the general conclusion is to "wait until after election," which expression is now connected with all branches of trade in relation to next season's operations. In the boot and shoe trade there is but little cause for complaint of the last season's business, although heavy boots and shoes have not netted the profits anticipated, yet few goods have been sold at a loss, and prices have been for the most part well sustained up to the present time, and there is little or no prospect of lower rates ruling in the boot and shoe market in the immediate future, unless raw materials are permanently affected by the decline in gold.

The celebrated iron manufacturer, Abraham Hewitt, who has recently visited the principal iron smelting and rolling works of Europe, reports that the whole production of iron in the world is, according to the safest estimate that he can make, about nine and a half millions of tons per annum, which, putting the population of the Globe at a thousand millions, would give an average of fifteen French kilogrammes per head.

The amount of flour and grain in store at Chicago on Thursday was as follows: Flour, 88,859 barrels; wheat, 1,526,632 bushels; corn, 404,870 bushels; oats, 780,705 bushels; rye, 303,-597 bushels; barley, 452,065 bushels.

The New York *Herald*, in an editorial on the subject of Cotton and the prospects of business generally, says:

When we look at the terrible destruction of property in the South during the war, at the universal poverty of the planters and of all classes of people, at the breaking up of the whole previous labor system, at the political and social disorganization, at the worn-out condition of all the implements and appliances of industry, and at the want of capital, the large cotton production now is as surprising as it is gratifying. But that is not all. The South has raised this year a vast and an unusual amount of corn, wheat and other cereals, with almost everything else necessary to sustain the population, independent of outside supplies. Indeed, we should not be surprised if the South should have a surplus of provisions for exportation. Besides, there is a fair tobacco crop, and sugar planting has revived in Louisiana. India was never as valuable to England as the South to this country. Only think of cotton alone—that single production—which as an article of exportation, to pay for the balance of trade against us and our liabilities abroad, is worth three times over the gold produced in all the States and Territories of the republic, to say nothing of its immense value to our own manufacturers.

However much the Southern people may be condemned for the suicidal act of attempted secession and the terrible war in which they involved the country, or for their folly since, we must say they have shown remarkable energy and power of recuperation. From the lowest state of depression and under the greatest difficulties they are rapidly rising again to wealth. This is characteristic of the American people. The courage, industry and perseverance of the Southerners under the most trying circumstances should induce among the people of the North forgiveness of the past and make them proud of such fellow-citizens; for they are of the same race and the same flesh and blood. When we speak of the Southern people we do not exclude the blacks, for they evidently have done much by their labors to restore the productive interest of the South; but it must not be forgotten that these ignorant people have been controlled by the intelligence, capital and industry of the white population. Nothing is wanted to develop the teeming natural wealth and varied productions of the south beyond what has ever been seen before but peace, restoration, harmony and fraternal feeling between the two sections of our common country.

APPLES—Receipts fair; choice held at $5@7 per barrel. Good $3@4 50.

BEANS—Choice Navy $3 50 per bushel, with supply ample.

BRAN—Receipts light; sales on levee at $20 per ton; from store $22@30 per ton.

BAGGING—Fair demand for all but India. Todd's 1¾ wide, Kentucky 23@25c, as to weight. Jute 20@22c. India 20@27c.

BAGGING—None in market, except at retail. We quote at 18@19c. Shoulders 14@16c.

BUTTER—Good stock; choice Western 43@ 45c; good 40; inferior 30@35c.

CHEESE—Good stock W. R., 17½@18½; L. D., 18@19c; factory, 18@19½c.

CORN—No old in market except in store; 40 sacks sold at $1 02½; new shelled on levee held at 70@75c; 61 sacks sold at inside quotations; new ear from wagons 90c; in sacks 70c.

CORNMEAL—Light stock; firm at $4 75 in store and at depot.

CHICKENS—Firm; young $3@3 50; old $3 00@4.

CATTLE—Heavy Western are in demand at 5@6½c; inferior dull 2@3c.

EGGS—Stock light; selling at 30@32c.

FRUIT—Dried apples in demand at 7@8c; Dried peaches, 9@10c.

FLOUR—Market is dull. Superfine, $6 50@ 7; X, $6@6 50; XX, $10@11; XXX and fancy family, $11 50@13.

HAY—A few bales received; selling on landing at $22@24; from store $25@30.

HAMS—Country sugar-cured canvassed, 17½ @18½c; city do, 20@22c; plain canvassed, 17@ 18½c.

HIDES—Receipts light. Dry flint, 21@22c; dry salt, 19@20c; green, 15@16c; damaged, 12½@ 13c.

LARD—Market very bare. Keg held at 22½ @23c; tierce, 21½@22c; cans, 25c.

LIME—Stock large. Cape and Alabama, at 1 0 @2; Eureka, $2@2 25.

MESS PORK—None in market, except in a jobbing way. Very firm at 33; prime mess, $30@32; rump, $26 50@27.

MOLASSES—Fair stock. Sugarhouse, 65@ 85; Portorico, 60@65c; Syrups, 75@81 25.

MACKEREL—New kits No. 1, $2 @2 25; No. 2, $1 85@2 70; No. 3, $2 50@2 75.

NAILS—Prices steady; rates, $7 50@8 75.

OILS—Light stock. Held in store at 60@70c. On levee 62½c.

OILS—Coal oil, 35@40c; lard oil, $1 40@1 75; linseed, $1 20@1 40.

ONIONS—Good supply; selling at $1 40 per bushel or $4 per barrel.

POTATOES—Southern 75c@$1 per bushel. Northern $3 00@3 25 per bbl. Sweet Potatoes 90@75c per bushel.

RICE—Very little selling. Held at 9½@10c.

SUGAR—The stock on hand is fair. We quote prime to choice 10@13c; common to fair, 9@10c; Island, 12½@16c.

SALT—Prices weak. Held at $3 00@3 25 per barrel of 280 lbs; 7 bushel barrels, $4 00@4 25; Liverpool sack, coarse and fine, $3@3 25.

SHOT—Very low in market. Tennessee held at $2 50 per head as to quality.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $2 50@3 00.

TOBACCO—Market firm and prices same as last week. Stock large and well selected.

WHISKY—Prices are firm. We quote high wines, $1 37½ per gal; common rectified $1 20@1 30; imitation Bourbon, $1 05@1 10; Bourbon, $2 10@4.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Regular New Orleans Packet.
PAULINE CARROLL.....White master
This splendid passenger packet will leave as above on
THIS DAY, 20th inst., at 10 a.m.
RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent,
oct20 1t 296 Front street.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet
MISSISSIPPI.....Green, Master
This splendid passenger packet will leave as above
WEDNESDAY, 21st inst., at 5 p.m.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
oct18 4t No. 260 Front Row.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet
MISSISSIPPI.....N. S. Green, Master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
WEDNESDAY, 21st inst., at 5 p.m.
MART WALT & CO,
oct18 4t Agents, 272 F ont street.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet
MISSISSIPPI.....Green master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave as above on
WEDNESDAY, 21st inst, at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
oct18 4t No. 75 Madison street.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company—For Cairo, Evansville, Louisville and Cincinnati.
SILVER MOON.....Merrilees master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
WEDNESDAY, 21st inst, at 5 p.m.
JAS. T. BOURNE & CO., Agents,
oct19 3t No. 42 Jefferson street.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company—For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.
SILVER MOON.....Merrilees master
This excellent passenger steamer will leave as above
WEDNESDAY, 21st inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
oct18 4t No. 75 Madison street.

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

Regular St. Francis River Packet—For Helena, Madison, Mariana, Wittsburg and all Way Landings.
AGNES.....J. E. Streeper master
This splendid passenger packet will leave as above
THIS DAY, 20th inst., at 12 m.
For freight or passage apply to
ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents,
oct20 1t 5 Jefferson street.

Regular Tuesday St. Francis River Packet—For Helena Marianna, Madison, Wittsburg and all Way Landings.
MOLLIE HAMBLETON, T. R. Bowman Master
Sam. C. Paine, Shell and Clark, Clerks.
Will leave Memphis EVERY
TUESDAY, at 5 o'clock p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
ja21 tf Star Wharfboat foot Jefferson st.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

MEMPHIS, October 20.—Weather is cloudy and warm, but no rain fell yesterday. The river is falling steadily and the bar opposite has assumed huge proportions. All the upper streams are low and falling. The Arkansas is falling, but still has a fair stage for light draught boats to Little Rock.

Arrivals.

Steamer Luminary, Vicksburg.
" Ozark, Arkansas river.
" Liberty, White river.
" Cooss, Cairo.

Departures.

Steamer Luminary, St. Louis.
" Mary Forsyth, St. Louis.
" Ozark, Arkansas river.
" Belle Memphis, St. Louis.
" Dos Arc, White river.

In Port.

Liberty, M. Hambleton, Cooss, Natoma and Agnes.

MISCELLANEOUS.

To-day at 8 o'clock a.m., our cotemporary of the Vicksburg *Herald*, Mr. A. J. Conklin, embarks upon the sea of matrimony. We are indebted to him for an invitation to be present, and would rejoice to avail ourselves of it had we the time. While, therefore, we must forego that pleasure, we can only wish our friend *bon voyage*. While reporting the accidents and incidents on the great river, may the stream of his own life and that of his beautiful bride flow gently onward, and though explosions may occur, and sandbars appear, making our noble thoroughfare an occasional theater of disaster, may no "blow ups" ever mar the quiet of his domestic circle, but may he and his arrive safely in port, well laden with the contentment engendered by a well spent life.

The Pauline Carroll, Capt. White, leaves for New Orleans to-day at 10 a.m.

The splendid U. S. mail packet Liberty, Capt. Rice, backs out to-day at her usual hour for White river, connecting at Devall's Bluff with the train for Little Rock. Milt Harry and Charley Sharpe are clerks.

The Silver Moon, Capt. Merrieless, will be in port to leave to-morrow for Cairo and Cincinnati. She is the only packet up for the Ohio, and leaves promptly.

Capt. J. D. Adams, the popular and energetic Superintendent of the Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company, arrived in this city on the Ozark. Capt. Adams takes his quinine regularly, having invested heavily in chills since his last visit.

The Liberty brought in 450 bales of cotton and 21 tons of oil stone.

The Ozark had a good trip of cotton and people, while the Mollie Hambleton brought in 480 bales.

The Dan. Able dropped down to near the foot of Adams street yesterday.

The Agnes did not get away last night but leaves for the St. Frances to-day at noon. The Rads at St. Louis made an effort to ship forty tons of guns and ammunition on the Agnes for reshipment to Little Rock, but Capt. Streeper, as soon as he found out the nature of the freight, promptly refused to touch them at any price. The Captain has too many ties which bind him to the people of Arkansas to allow himself to be used for any such purpose.

In order to accommodate her patrons, most of whom are unable to get through their business in time to return home on Monday, the Natoma will henceforth leave this port on Tuesdays and Fridays. She came up with 420 bales of cotton and backs out again to-day at 5 p.m. Capt. Lee, Billy Fields, Sterling Whitehead and Slack Lee are her officers.

The fine steamer City of Cairo with the popular Capt. Malin on the roof, backs out to-day for Cairo and St. Louis, making close connections with trains for the North and East. Ben Clark is her good looking chief clerk.

The Silver Moon, Capt. Ben Merrieless, gets away to-morrow for Louisville and Cincinnati. Old "Ice King" will make a clean sweep of cotton this year as she did last.

The elegant passenger packet Mississippi, with Capt. Nat. S. Green in command, will leave on Wednesday for Vicksburg and New Orleans. We hope our merchants will give her a good trip. Cook Creighton and John Langlois are associated in the office.

The Mollie Hambleton, with Capt. Paynen the roof, leaves to-day for all points on the St. Francis river. The Mollie is a comfortable passenger packet and makes all way landings. Clark and Snell are her secretaries.

We learn that Capt. John Ford has resumed the business of towing with his tug, Nettie Jones. An extraordinary inducement might get him to go down the river after a raft, but no one has tried him recently.

The Hesper still chokes a ring-bolt at our levee. What her Captain is doing is not known, but it is supposed he is negotiating for some swamp land recently traversed by him below this city.

Immense quantities of grain arrive daily at St. Louis from the upper Mississippi.

Every St. Louis and Vicksburg packet upward bound takes large quantities of cotton which would come to Memphis had we a line of packets in the trade.

The Vicksburg merchants and the New Orleans packets are quarreling over rates of freight on cotton. Outside boats carry for $1 per bale, while packets ask $1 50. The packets stay with them the year round—build up the town and have lost money the past season, but the Vicksburgers, like the merchants of Memphis, try to kill the goose that lays the golden eggs.

The following lines seem to be admirably adapted for the purpose of preventing collisions at sea. They are calculated to imprint upon the minds of mariners the "Rules of the Road for Steamers," more vividly and indelibly than any other process would effect. Why don't some poetical pilot on our river immortalize himself by simplifying the rules now in force upon the river in a similar strain?

1. Two steamships meeting end on, or nearly end on.

Meeting steamers do not dread
When you see three lights ahead:
Port your helm, and show your Red.

2. Two steamships passing.

For steamers passing, you should try
To keep this maxim in your eye:
Green to Green—or Red to Red—
Perfect safety—go ahead!

3. Two steamships crossing. This is the real position of danger. The steamship that has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other. There is nothing for it but good look-out, caution and judgment.

If to starboard it d appear
'Tis your duty to keep clear;
Act as judgment says is proper;—
Port—or starboard—back—or, stop her.

But when on your Port is seen
A steamer with a light of Green,
There's not so much for you to do,
The Green light must keep clear of you.

4. All ships must keep a good lookout, and steamships must stop and go astern, if necessary.

Both in safety and in doubt—
Always keep a good look-out;
Should there not be room to turn,
Stop your ship and go astern.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR FRIAR'S POINT.

Regular Memphis and Friar's Point Packet—For Helena, Friar's Point and all Way Landings.
NATOMA.....James Lee master
This elegant passenger packet will leave
TUESDAY, 20th inst., at 6 p.m.
VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
oct18 3t 284 Front street.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company.
LIBERTY NO. 2.....James Rice master
This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,
TUESDAY, 20th inst. at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
oct18 3t Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company.
LIBERTY No. 2.....James Rice master
This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,
TUESDAY, 20th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 260 Front Row.
J. A. Sayers, Passenger Agent. oct18 3t

CLOTHING.

MANUFACTORY

No 13 Barclay Street, N. Y.

A. W SPROULE & CO.,

No. 74 Fourth Street St. Louis.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE.

Cor. Fourth and Main Sts., Louisville.

SPROULE & M'COWN,

No. 34 St. Charles Street, New Orleans.

SPROULE & M'COWN,

Corner Washington and Crawford Streets, Vicksburg.

SPROULE & M'COWN

221

MAIN STREET

UNDER

WORSHAM HOUSE,

MEMPHIS,

ARE NOW RECEIVING

—THEIR—

FALL & WINTER

STOCK OF GENTS'

FINE CLOTHING

—AND—

Furnishing Goods.

Deal Exclusively In Fine

Custom - Made Goods.

HAVING AMPLE MEANS, WE

BUY EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH,

NO MANUFACTURERS' PROFIT TO PAY

AND EVERY

Facility the Market Affords,

WE WILL MAKE IT

TO THE ADVANTAGE OF ALL

TO BUY

FIRST CLASS GOODS

SPROULE & McCOWN,

221 MAIN STREET,

Under Worsham House,

Memphis, Tennessee.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

RALPH WORMELEY,
(Late Wormeley, Pickett & Co.,)
COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 316 Front street, Memphis.

I shall continue the Commission Business at the above stand, where I shall be happy to see all of my friends, many of whom I have served for twenty years, and now again place my services at their command, earnestly soliciting consignments of Cotton and other Produce, assuring them of my continued efforts to serve them faithfully, and to guard with zealous care their interests.

Supplies furnished, and liberal advances made on Cotton in store. All Cotton insured unless otherwise instructed.

sep29 RALPH WORMELEY.

HUGH TORRANCE,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
Gen'l Commission Merchant,
NO. 10 JEFFERSON ST., TITUS BLOCK,
OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE
sep18 1m

C. DICKMANN, New Orleans. WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis.
DICKMANN & HILL,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 38 Union Street, New Orleans

WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis. C. DICKMANN, New Orleans.
W. K. HILL & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
Grocers & Commission Merchants
—DEALERS IN—
Plantation Supplies Generally,
NO. 320 FRONT STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN

REFERRING to the above cards, we respectfully solicit consignments of Cotton and other Country Produce. Will make liberal Cash Advances on Consignments to either house. All consignments shipped by river will be covered by insurance, and while in store, unless otherwise instructed.

FOR SALE.—A general stock of Groceries and Plantation Supplies at low market rates, consisting of BAGGING, IRON TIES, ROPE, TWINE, BACON, PORK, LARD, COFFEE, SUGARS, MOLASSES, MEAL, WHISKY, WOODWARE, etc. Respectfully,
W. K. HILL & CO.,
an12 3m No. 320 Front street.

J. L. VERSER,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
314 FRONT STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

BAGGING, ROPE AND TIES FURNISHED at Lowest Market Prices. Cotton shipped by river, and all Cotton in store will be insured unless otherwise instructed. an14 3m

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. C. C. BILL, Memphis. J. T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.
H. FITZGERALD & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merch'ts
Agents for the Sale of Sheeting, Cotton Yarns and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder, and Printing Paper,
274 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
sep13 3m

J. A. SHANE. DR. A. HARRIS.
SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,
(Successors to Shane, Bell & Co.,)
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
GENERAL COMMISSION
And Forwarding Merchants,
254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

LIBERAL advances on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished to customers. Agents for the "Taylor Gin" and Owen's Universal Cotton Cleaner. sep13 3m

S. M. NELSON. JNO. F. TITUS
NELSON & TITUS,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 10 Jefferson Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ We are successors to the old firm of Titus & Co., and would be pleased to have their old customers continue their business with us. We also respectfully solicit a share of the business of the planters of the South. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured, unless otherwise instructed.

MEMPHIS, TENN., September 4, 1868.

On retiring from active business, I respectfully call attention to the above card, which contains the names of my own and my old partner, and solicit for them the patronage of my old customers and friends. I can always be found at their office, where I will be pleased to meet my old friends. F. TITUS.
se6 2m

E. B. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn. JOHN W. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn.
E. B. WEBBER & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
220 FRONT STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. Bagging, Rope and Plantation Supplies furnished at the lowest market rates. au1 3m

CHAS. COFFIN. HECTOR COFFIN.
COFFIN BROS.,
DEALERS IN
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
392 Main Street,
(Gayoso Block,) MEMPHIS, TENN.

N. B.—Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city. se5 3m

J. T. FARGASON. J. B. TALBERT, OF MISSISSIPPI, WITH C. C. CLAY
FARGASON & CLAY,
(Successors to Fargason, Cordes & Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 330 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - TENN.

☞ Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. se6 3m

F. W. IRVINE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 278 Front Street, Up-stairs,
Over R. S. Taylor & Co.,
MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.
sep13 3m

R. A. MOON,
Cotton Factor, Produce and Commission Merchant,
252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn., Commercial Block.

THANKFUL for the patronage of the past season (far exceeding anything I could have reasonably expected under the circumstances), it affords me pleasure to again offer my services to the planting community seeking Memphis as a market for the sale of their Cotton and other Products. My personal attention will be devoted to the sale of all Consignments from my friends. My charges, as heretofore, for selling Cotton, will be *One Dollar per Bale Commission.* Consignments in transit or in store insured in my Open Policy, unless instructed to the contrary. Liberal advances, and supplies of all kinds furnished at the lowest cash prices.
sep22 daw3m R. A. MOON.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

W. J. PORTER & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No 112 Pearl Street, New York.
—REFER TO—
First National Bank, DeSoto Bank, Jackson Insurance Company, Memphis, Tenn.; First National Bank, John W. Allen, Banker, Nashville Tenn.; Thos. Eakin, Banker, New York; Baker & Co., Commission Merchants, Commercial Bank, Lafayette Bank, Dubois & Augur, Commission Merchants, Wm. Glenn & Sons, Grocers, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments, by our Agent.

Maj. J. J. BUSBY, 274 Front St., is W. G. PATTERSON, of Grenada, Miss., Traveling Agent.
oct11 1f

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm style of WORMELEY, PICKETT & CO., is dissolved—having expired by limitation on the 1st of July past.

Mr. Wm. S. Pickett remains in charge of the books, accounts and assets of the late firm, and is charged with the settlement and liquidation of its affairs.

RALPH WORMELEY,
W. S. PICKETT,
J. D. USSERY.

W. S. PICKETT & CO.,
(Successors to Wormeley, Pickett & Co.)
Cotton Factors,
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Memphis, Tennessee.

AS liquidating partner of the late firm of Wormeley, Pickett & Co., I shall continue the Commission Business under the above style, and will receive consignments of Cotton and other Produce, on which liberal advances will be made when required.
sep18 W. S. PICKETT.

JOHN S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
And dealers in
Plantation & Family Supplies.
WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.

☞ Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
sep1 No. 226 Front street.

T. B. NORMENT. A. P. GRAVES
NORMENT & GRAVES,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
No. 4 Howard's Row.
UP-STAIRS, : : : MEMPHIS, TENN

☞ Bagging, Rope, Ties and Plantation Supplies furnished. au18-3m

VIRGIL V. MOORE, EDWIN WHITFIELD
MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 1 HOWARD'S ROW,
Cor. of Union and Front Sts., Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to customers. Agents for the "Taylor Gin" and Owen's Universal Cotton Cleaner. sep13 3m

NEWTON FORD, Formerly of P. Lane & Co., Late Porter & Macrae. D. T. PORTER, H. FURSTENHEIM, Late of Porter & Co.
NEWTON FORD & CO,
COTTON FACTORS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers & Commission Merchants
No. 17 Union Street,
LEE BLOCK, - - MEMPHIS, TENN

☞ Mr. FORD will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. sep26 3m

J. W. DICKINSON. W. W. WILLIAMS. DR. B. F. DICKINSON.
DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,
(Successors to J. W. Dickinson & Bro.)
COTTON FACTORS,
General Commission & Produce Merch'ts,
210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ We have a Warehouse of our own, in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there will be no unnecessary loss in weight. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal advances made on consignments. sep4 3m

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn. B. FRANK HARBERT, Capt. J. S. CARUTHERS, —WITH—
PARTEE & HARBERT,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
No. 290 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

☞ Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. sep1 3m

New Firm.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of LEVY & SHARPE, for the transaction of a general Commission and Steamboat Agency business.
E. A. LEVY,
Memphis, Sept. 1, 1868. JAS. B. SHARPE.

CARD.

E. A. LEVY, Late Levy & Miller.
JAS. B. SHARPE, Late of Pine Bluff, Ark.
LEVY & SHARPE,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants;
—AND—
General Steamboat Agents,
No. 250 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

M. R. JUDSON, Mishawaka, Ind. J. C. ALEXANDER
T. H. JUDSON, R. G. MATTHEWS.
JUDSON & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
Rooms 35 & 36, Lee Block, Union street,
Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to our customers. Also, all cotton shipped to us will be covered by our open policy of insurance, unless otherwise instructed sep6 3m

J. C. NEELY. S. H. BROOKS. H. M. NEELY.
BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
COTTON FACTORS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
PLANTATION SUPPLIES,
BOAT AND BAR STORES,
No. 276 Front Street,
(Between Court and Madison,)
MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.
se6 3m

BANKS AND BANKING

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK,
OF MEMPHIS,
Paid In Capital - - - $300,000 00

W. H. CHERRY, President.
AMOS WOODRUFF, Vice-Pres't.
H. A. PARTEE, Cashier.
J. J. FREEMAN, Ass't Cashier.

Directors:
A. J. WHITE, A. T. LACEY, H. A. PARTEE, JOHN R. WATKINS, H. T. TOMLINSON, AMOS WOODRUFF, J. E. MERRIMAN, THOS. R. SMITH, W. H. CHERRY. oc7

FIRST
NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS.

DIRECTORS:
W. A. GWYN, F. S. DAVIS, W. W. YOUNG, of Young Bros.; W. W. THATCHER, of Brown & Jones; J. W. JEFFERSON, of J. W. Jefferson & Co.; BEN EIMAN, of Rice, Stix & Co.; NEWTON FORD, of Newton Ford & Co.; C. F. SMITH, C. P. NORRIS.

F. S. DAVIS
President.
C. P. NORRIS,
sep1 1f Vice-President

DRUGS, ETC.

THEO. HOERNER,
Analytic and Manufacturing Chemist, Druggist and Apothecary,
54 and 56 Beal Street,
(Northwest corner of Second),

CHEMICAL ANALYSES of all descriptions made, and written reports furnished.
Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.
Patent Medicines, Soaps, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, and everything pertaining to a first-class Drug Store. sep27 1f

PHYSICIANS.

DR. NORRIS,

OCULIST,
237 Main Street,
Memphis, : : : : Tennessee.

Cures all diseases of the Eye. A cure warranted in every case. Straightens Crossed Eyes with perfect safety. Patients from a distance accommodated with board at moderate rates.
au16 daw 1f

WILLIAM D. LYLES, M. D.,
TREATS DISEASES OF
Women & Children as Specialties.
OFFICE:
Corner Third and Madison Streets,
ly26 MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.

DR. JAMES,

FORMERLY OF JAMES' LOCK HOSPITAL, Custom House street, New Orleans, (established 1830), for the last eight years located in Chicago, and celebrated throughout the country in the successful treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES, can be confidentially consulted at his office and parlors, 91 and 93 Randolph street corner of Dearborn street, or by letter Postoffice Drawer 5863.

DR. JAMES treats CHRONIC, MERCURIAL, SYPHILITIC, BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, and all DISORDERS of a CONTAGIOUS or VENEREAL CHARACTER—which he cures without the use of mercury, iodide of potassa, arsenic or any poison, but with his NEURALGIZER, a positive cure for all humors and blood poisons.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS, such as SEMINAL WEAKNESS, NOCTURNAL and DIURNAL EMISSIONS, brought on by abuse of the organs, early indiscretion, excesses or entailed hereditarily, causing loss of memory, confusion, depression, dimness of vision and oftentimes insanity, with a deposable train of other symptoms, treated and radically cured by an infallible method, saving time and expense. All diseases peculiar to the sexual organs, of a private character, radically and permanently cured.

Old diseases of the most horrible class, where the blood has become poisoned, producing blotches on the face, small watery blisters, pains in the head and bones, ulcerated throat and nose, sores on the limbs and body, scrofula, together with an endless number of sufferings, effectually and permanently cured.

DR. JAMES is recommended by the press of the country, by professors of medical colleges, and by the medical profession generally. Those afflicted should apply to him, and be cured at once.

THE MONITOR, by Dr. James, a treatise upon diseases peculiar to the sexual organs of either sex, causes, effects and their remedies, compiled from an experience of twenty years' practice in the exclusive treatment of these diseases, sent to any address, securely wrapped. Price One Dollar. Pamphlet on SPERMATORRHŒA, or one on SYPHILIS, sent in sealed envelope upon receipt of postage—two red stamps. Address Dr. JAMES, Postoffice Drawer 5863, Chicago, Illinois. sep17 1f

COAL.

HAYS COAL COMPANY,

DEALERS in best Pittsburg Coal. Coal shipped by the car load and bogsheads. Office 22½ Main street,